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NOTICE.

The Circulation of the MINER is greater by 500 than that of any paper published in McKean county, outside of Bradford.

McKean County Miner.

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[illegible]

Lodge Directory.

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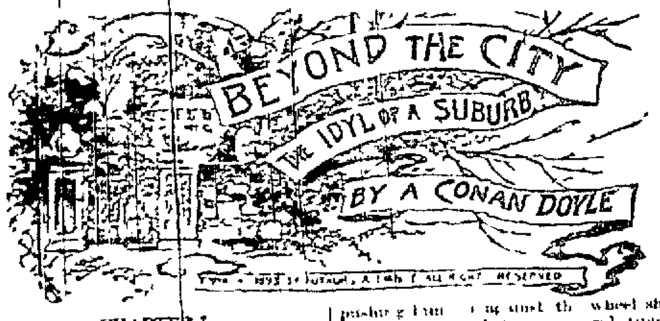


CHAPTER I.

THE NEW-COMERS.

"If you please, auntie," said the voice of a distressful [illegible] from somewhere round the angle of the [illegible] "[illegible] is moving in."

The little [illegible] ladies who were sitting at either side of a table sprang to their feet with ejaculations of interest and rushed to the window of the sitting room.

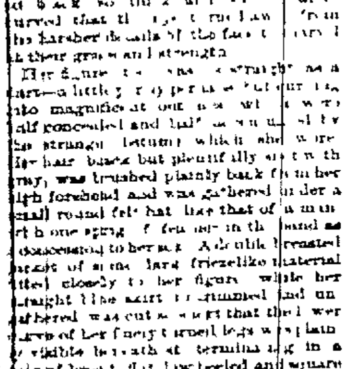
"Take care, Monica, dear," said one, sheltering herself in the lace curtain.

[illegible]

The cabman had [illegible]

[illegible]

Her figure was as straight as a dart—a little [illegible] perhaps, but [illegible] into magnificent [illegible] which were half concealed and half [illegible] by the strange costume which she wore. Her hair, black but plentifully shot with gray, was brushed plainly back from her high forehead and was gathered under a small round felt hat like that of a man, with one sprig of feather in the band as a concession to her sex. A double breasted jacket of some dark frieze-like material fitted closely to her figure, while her straight blue skirt, untrimmed and ungathered, was cut so short that the lower curve of her finely turned legs was plainly visible beneath it, terminating in a pair of broad, flat, low-heeled and square-toed shoes. Such was the lady who lingered at the gate of No. 3 under the curious eyes of her two opposite neighbors.



Right across the pavement she thrust him.

But if her conduct and appearance had already somewhat jarred upon their limited and precise sense of the fitness of things, what were they to think of the next little act in this tableau vivant? The cabman, red and heavy jowled, had come back from his labors and held out his hand for his fare. The lady tossed him a coin, there was a moment of mumbling and gesticulating, and suddenly she had him with both hands by the red cravat which girt his neck and was shaking him as a terrier would a rat. Right across the pavement she thrust him, and pushing him up against the wheel, she banged his head [illegible] several times against the side of his own vehicle.

"Can I be of any use to you, aunt?" asked a [illegible] framing himself in the open [illegible]

[illegible]

CHAPTER II.

[illegible]

[illegible] Admiral Hay Denver [illegible] officer who [illegible] career at Bomarsund and had ended it at Alexandria [illegible]

The Hay Denvers had [illegible] No. 2 also struck [illegible] and [illegible] they had no reason to be discontented with their neighbors. Dr. Balthazar Walker was a very well known name in the medical world. Did not his qualifications, his memberships and the record of his writings fill a long half column in The Medical Directory from his first little paper on "Gouty Diathesis" in 1859 to his exhaustive treatise upon "Affections of the Vaso-Motor System" in 1889? A successful medical career which promised to end in a presidentship of a college and a baronetcy had been cut short by his sudden inheritance of a considerable sum from a grateful patient, which had rendered him independent for life and had enabled him to turn his attention to the more scientific part of his profession which had always had a greater charm for him than its more practical and commercial aspect. To this end he had given up his house in Weymouth street and had taken this opportunity of moving himself, his scientific instruments and his two charming daughters (he had been a widower for some years) into the more peaceful atmosphere of Norwood.

There was thus but one villa unoccupied, and it was no wonder that the two maiden ladies watched with a keen interest, which deepened into a dire apprehension, the curious incidents which heralded the coming of the new tenants. They had already learned from the agent that the family consisted of two only, Mrs. Westmacott, a widow, and her nephew, Charles Westmacott. How simple and how select it had sounded! Who could have foreseen from it these fearful portents which seemed to threaten violence and discord among the dwellers in The Wilderness? Again the two old maids cried in heartfelt chorus that they wish they had not sold their field.

"Well, at least, Monica," remarked Bertha as they sat over their teacups that afternoon, "however strange these people may be, it is our duty to be as polite to them as to the others."

"Most certainly," acquiesced her sister.

"Since we have called upon Mrs. Hay Denver and upon the Misses Walker we must call upon this Mrs. Westmacott also."

"Certainly, dear. As long as they are living upon our land I feel as if they were in a sense our guests and that it is our duty to welcome them."

"Then we shall call tomorrow," said Bertha, with decision.

"Yes, dear, we shall. But, oh, I wish it was over!"

At 4 o'clock on the next day the two maiden ladies set off upon their hospitable errand. In their stiff crackling dresses of black silk, with jet bespangled jackets and little rows of cylindrical gray curls drooping down on either side of their black bonnets, they looked like two old fashion plates which had wandered off into the wrong decade. Half curious and half fearful they knocked at the door of No. [illegible] which was instantly opened by a redheaded page boy.

Yes, Mrs. Westmacott was at home. He ushered them into the front room, furnished as a drawing room, where in spite of the fine spring weather a large fire was burning in the grate. The boy took their cards and then, as they sat down together upon a settee, he set their nerves in a thrill by darting behind a curtain with a shrill cry and prodding at something with his foot. The bull pup which they had seen upon the day before bolted from his hiding place and scuttled snarling from the room.

"It wants to get at Eliza," said the youth in a confidential whisper. "Master says she would give him more 'n he brought." He smiled affably at the two little stiff black figures and departed in search of his mistress.

"What—what did he say?" gasped Bertha.

"Something about a— Oh, goodness gracious! Oh, Bertha! Oh, merciful heavens! Oh, help, help, help, help!"

The two sisters had bounded on to the settee and stood there with staring eyes and skirts gathered in, while they filled the whole house with their yells. Out of a high wickerwork basket which stood by the fire there had risen a flat, diamond shaped head with wicked green eyes, which came flickering upward, waving gently from side to side, until a foot or more of glossy scaly neck was visible. Slowly the vicious head came floating up, while at every oscillation a fresh burst of shrieks came from the settee.

"What in the name of mischief!" cried a voice, and there was the mistress of the house standing in the doorway. Her gaze at first had merely taken in the fact that two strangers were standing screaming upon her red plush sofa. A glance at the fireplace, however, showed her the cause of the terror, and she burst into a hearty fit of laughter.

"Charley," she shouted, "here's Eliza misbehaving again."

"I'll settle her," answered a masculine voice, and the young man dashed into the room. He had a brown horsecloth in his hand, which he threw over the basket, making it fast with a piece of twine so as to effectually imprison its inmate, while his aunt ran across to reassure her visitors.

"It is only a rock snake," she explained.

"Oh, Bertha!" "Oh, Monica!" gasped the poor exhausted gentlewomen.

Oh, help, help!

"She's hatching out some eggs. That is why we have the fire. Eliza always does better when she is warm. She is a sweet, gentle creature, but no doubt she thought that you had designs upon her eggs. I suppose that you did not touch any of them?"

"Oh, let us get away, Bertha!" cried Monica, with her thin black gloved hands thrown forward in abhorrence.

"Not away, but into the next room," said Mrs. Westmacott with the air of one whose word was law. "This way, if you please! It is less warm here." She led the way into a very handsomely appointed library, with three great cases of books, and upon the fourth side a long yellow table littered over with papers and scientific instruments. "Sit here, and you there," she continued. "That is right. Now let me see which of you is Miss Williams and which Miss Bertha Williams?"

"I am Miss Williams," said Monica, still palpitating and glancing furtively about in dread of some new horror.

"And you live, as I understand, over at the pretty little cottage. It is very nice of you to call so early. I don't suppose that we shall get on, but still the intention is equally good." She crossed her legs and leaned her back against the marble mantelpiece.

"We thought that perhaps we might be of some assistance," said Bertha timidly. "If there is anything which we could do to make you feel more at home"——

"Oh, thank you. I am too old a traveler to feel anything but at home wherever I go. I've just come back from a few months in the Marquesas islands, where I had a very pleasant visit. That was where I got Eliza. In many respects the Marquesas islands now lead the world."

"Dear me!" ejaculated Miss Williams. "In what respect?"

"In the relation of the sexes. They have worked out the great problem upon their own lines, and their isolated geographical position has helped them to come to a conclusion of their own. The woman there is, as she should be, in every way the absolute equal of the male. Come in, Charles, and sit down. Is Eliza all right?"

"All right, aunt."

"These are our neighbors, the Misses Williams. Perhaps they will have some stout. You might bring in a couple of bottles, Charles."

"No, no, thank you! None for us!" cried her two visitors earnestly.

"No? I am sorry that I have no tea to offer you. I look upon the subserviency of woman as largely due to her abandoning nutritious drinks and invigorating exercises to the male. I do neither." She picked up a pair of 15-pound dumbbells from beside the fireplace and swung them lightly about her head. "You see what may be done on stout," said she.

"But don't you think," the elder Miss Williams suggested timidly—"don't you think, Mrs. Westmacott, that woman has a mission of her own?"

The lady of the house dropped her dumbbells with a crash upon the floor.

"The old cant!" she cried. "The old shibboleth! What is this mission which is reserved for woman? All that is humble, that is mean, that is soul killing, that is so contemptible and so ill paid that none other will touch it. All that is woman's mission. And who imposed these limitations upon her? Who cooped her up within this narrow sphere? Was it Providence? Was it nature? No, it was the arch enemy. It was man."

"Oh, I say, auntie," drawled out her nephew.

"It was man, Charles. It was you and your fellows. I say that woman is a colossal monument to the selfishness of man. What is all this boasted chivalry—these fine words and vague phrases? Where is it when we wish to put it to the test? Man in the abstract will do anything to help a woman, of course. How does it work when his pocket is touched? Where is his chivalry then? Will the doctors help her to qualify? Will the lawyers help her to be called to the bar? Will the clergy tolerate her in the church? Oh, it is close your ranks then and refer poor woman to her mission! Her mission! To be thankful for coppers and not to interfere with the men while they grabble for gold like swine round a trough—that is man's reading of the mission of woman. You may sit there and sneer, Charles, while you look upon your victim, but you know that it is truth, every word of it."

Terrified as they were by this sudden torrent of words, the two gentlewomen could not but smile at the sight of the fiery domineering victim and the big apologetic representative of mankind who sat meekly bearing all the sins of his sex. The lady struck a match, whipped a cigarette from a case upon the mantelpiece and began to draw the smoke into her lungs.

"I find it very soothing when my nerves are at all ruffled," she explained. "You don't smoke? Ah, you miss one of the purest of pleasures—one of the few pleasures which is without a reaction."

Miss Williams smoothed out her black silken lap. "It is a pleasure," she said, with some approach to self assertion, "which Bertha and I are rather too old fashioned to enjoy."

"No doubt. It would probably make you very ill if you attempted it. By the way, I hope that you will come to some of our guild meetings. I shall see that tickets are sent you."

"Your guild?"

"It is not yet formed, but I shall lose no time in forming a committee. It is my habit to establish a branch of the Emancipation guild wherever I go. There is a Mrs. Sanderson in Anerley who is already one of the emancipated, so that I have a nucleus. It is only by organized resistance, Miss Williams, that we can hope to hold our own against the selfish sex. Must you go then?"

"Yes, we have one or two other visits to pay," said the elder sister. "You will, I am sure, excuse us. I hope that you will find Norwood a pleasant residence."

"All places are to me simply a battlefield," she answered, gripping first one and then the other with a grip which crumpled up their little thin fingers. "The days for work and healthful exercise, the evenings to Browning and high discourse, eh, Charles? Goodby!" She came to the door with them, and as they glanced back they saw her still standing there with the yellow bull pup cuddled up under one forearm and the thin blue reek of her cigarette ascending from her lips.

"Oh, what a dreadful, dreadful woman!" whispered sister Bertha as they hurried down the street. "Thank goodness that it is over."

"But she'll return the visit," answered the other. "I think that we had better tell Mary that we are not at home."

CHAPTER III.

DWELLERS IN THE WILDERNESS.

How deeply are our destinies influenced by the most trifling causes! Had the unknown builder who erected and owned these new villas contented himself by simply building each within its own grounds it is probable that these three small groups of people would have remained hardly conscious of each other's existence and that there would have been no opportunity for that action and reaction which is here set forth. But there was a common link to bind them together. To single himself out from all other Norwood builders the landlord had devised and laid out a common lawn tennis ground which stretched behind the houses with taut stretched net, green close cropped sward and widespread whitewashed lines.

Hither in search of that hard exercise which is as necessary as air or food to the English temperament came young Hay Denver when released from the toil of the city. Hither too, came Dr. Walker and his two fair daughters, Clara and Ida, and hither also, champions of the lawn, came the short skirted, muscular widow and her athletic nephew. Ere the summer was gone they knew each other in this quiet nook as they might not have done after years of a stiffer and more formal acquaintance.

And especially to the admiral and the doctor were this closer intimacy and companionship of value. Each had a void in his life, as every man must have who with unexhausted strength steps out of the great race, but each of his society might help to fill up that of his neighbor. It is true that they had not much in common, but that is sometimes an aid rather than a bar to friendship. Each had been an enthusiast in his profession and had retained all his interest in it.

The doctor still read from cover to cover his Lancet and his Medical Journal, attended all professional gatherings, worked himself into an alternate state of exaltation and depression over the results of the election of officers and reserved for himself a den of his own, in which before rows of little round bottles full of glycerin, Canadian balsam and staining agents he still cut sections with a microtome and peeped through his long brass old fashioned microscope at the arcana of nature. With his typical face, clean shaven on lip and chin, with a firm mouth, a strong jaw, a steady eye and two little white fluffs of whiskers, he could never be taken for anything but what he was—a high class British medical consultant of the age of 50, or perhaps just a year or two older.

The doctor in his heyday had been cool over great things, but now in his retirement he was fussy over trifles. The man who had operated without the quiver of a finger when not only his patient's life but his own reputation and future were at stake was now shaken to the soul by a mislaid book or a careless maid. He remarked it himself and knew the reason. "When Mary was alive," he would say, "she stood between me and the little troubles. I could brace myself for the big ones. My girls are as good as girls can be, but who can know a man as his wife knows him?" Then his memory would conjure up a tuft of brown hair and a single white, thin hand over a coverlet, and he would feel as we have all felt—that if we do not live and know each other after death then indeed we are tricked and betrayed by all the highest hopes and subtlest intuitions of our nature.

The doctor had his compensations to make up for his loss. The great scales of fate had been held on a level for him, for where in all great London could one find two sweeter girls, more loving, more intelligent and more sympathetic than Clara and Ida Walker? So bright were they, so quick, so interested in all which interested him, that if it were possible for a man to be compensated for the loss of a good wife then Balthazar Walker might claim to be so.

Clara was [illegible] tall and thin and supple, with [illegible] figure. There was [illegible] distinguished in her [illegible] ly" her friends called her [illegible] critics described her as reserved and [illegible]. Such as it was, however, it was part and parcel of herself, for she was and had always from her childhood been different from anyone around her. There was nothing gregarious in her nature. She thought with her own mind, saw with her own eyes, acted from her own impulse. Her face was pale—striking rather than pretty—but with two great dark eyes, so earnestly questioning, so quick in their transitions from joy to pathos, so swift in their comment upon every word and deed around her—those eyes alone were to many more attractive than all the beauty of her younger sister. Hers was a strong, quiet soul, and it was her firm hand which had taken over the duties of her mother, had ordered the house, restrained the servants, comforted her father and upheld her weaker sister from the day of that great misfortune.

Ida Walker was a hand's breadth smaller than Clara, but was a little fuller in the face and plumper in the figure. She had light yellow hair, mischievous blue eyes with the light of humor ever twinkling in their depths and a large, perfectly formed mouth, with that slight upward curve of the corners which goes with a keen appreciation of fun, suggesting even in repose that a latent smile is ever lurking at the edges of the lips. She was modern to the soles of her dainty little high heeled shoes, frankly fond of dress and of pleasure, devoted to tennis and to comic opera, delighted with a dance—which came in her way only too seldom—longing ever for some new excitement, and yet behind all this lighter side of her character a thoroughly good, healthy minded English girl, the life and soul of the house and the idol of her sister and her father. Such was the family at No. 2. A peep into the remaining villa and our introductions are complete.

Admiral Hay Denver did not belong to the florid, white haired, hearty school of sea dogs which is more common in works of fiction than in the navy list. On the contrary, he was the representative of a much more common type which is the antithesis of the conventional sailor. He was a thin, hard featured man, with an ascetic aquiline cast of face, grizzled and hollow cheeked, clean shaven, with the exception of the tiniest curved promontory of ash colored whisker. An observer accustomed to classify men might have put him down as a canon of the church with a taste for lay costume and a country life, or as the master of a large public school, who joined his scholars in their outdoor sports. His lips were firm, his chin prominent, he had a hard, dry eye and his manner was precise and formal.

Forty years of stern discipline had made him reserved and silent. Yet when at his ease with an equal he could readily assume a less quarter deck style, and he had a fund of little dry stories of the world and its ways which were of interest from one who had seen so many phases of life. Dry and spare, as lean as a jockey and as tough as whipcord, he might be seen any day swinging his silver headed Malacca cane and pacing along the suburban roads with the same measured gait with which he had been wont to tread the poop of his flagship. He wore a good service stripe upon his cheek, for on one side it was pitted and scarred where a spurt of gravel knocked up by a round shot had struck him 30 years before when he served in the Lancaster gun battery. Yet he was hale and sound, and though he was 15 years senior to his friend, the doctor, he might have passed as the younger man.

Mrs. Hay Denver's life had been a very broken one, and her record upon land represented a greater amount of endurance and self sacrifice than his upon the sea. They had been together for four months after their marriage, and then had come a hiatus of four years during which he was flitting about between St. Helena and the Oil rivers in a gunboat. Then came a blessed year of peace and domesticity, to be followed by nine years, with only a three months' break—five upon the Pacific station and four on the East Indian. After that was a respite in the shape of five years in the Channel squadron, with periodical runs home, and then again he was off to the Mediterranean for three years and to Halifax for four. Now at last, however, this old married couple, who were still almost strangers to one another, had come together in Norwood, where, if their short day had been checkered and broken, the evening at least promised to be sweet and mellow. In person Mrs. Hay Denver was tall and stout, with a bright, round, ruddy cheeked face, still pretty, with a gracious, matronly comeliness. Her whole life was a round of devotion and of love, which was divided between her husband and her only son, Harold.

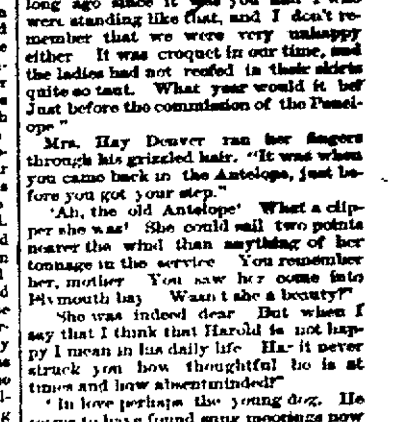
This son it was who kept them in the neighborhood of London, for the admiral was as fond of ships and of salt water as ever and was as happy in the sheets of a 2-ton yacht as on the bridge of his 16-knot monitor. Had he been untied, the Devonshire or Hampshire coast would certainly have been his choice. There was Harold, however, and Harold's interests were their chief care. Harold was 24 now. Three years before he had been taken in hand by an acquaintance of his father's, the head of a considerable firm of stockbrokers, and fairly launched upon 'change. His 300-guinea entrance fee paid, his three sureties of £500 pounds each found, his name approved by the committee and all other formalities complied with, he found himself whirling around, an insignificant unit in the vortex of the money market of the world.

There, under the guidance of his father's friend, he was instructed in the mysteries of bulling and of bearing, in the strange usages of 'change, in the intricacies of carrying over and of transferring. He learned to know where to place his clients' money, which of the jobbers would make a price in New Zealands and which would touch nothing but American rails, which might be trusted and which shunned. All this and much more he mastered, and to such purpose that he soon began to prosper, to retain the clients who had been recommended to him and to attract fresh ones. But the work was never congenial. He had inherited from his father his love of the air of heaven, his affection for a manly and natural existence.

To act as middleman between the possessor of wealth and the wealth which he pursued, or to stand as a human barometer, registering the rise and fall of the great mammon pressure in the markets, was not the work for which Providence had placed those broad shoulders and strong limbs upon his well knit frame. His dark open face, too, with his straight Grecian nose, well opened brown eyes and round black curled head, were all those of a man who was fashioned for active physical work. Meanwhile he was popular with his fellow brokers, respected by his clients and beloved at home, but his spirit was restless within him, and his mind chafed unceasingly against his surroundings.

"Do you know, Willy," said Mrs. Hay Denver one evening, as she stood behind her husband's chair, with her hand upon his shoulder, "I think sometimes that Harold is not quite happy."

"He looks happy, the young rascal," answered the admiral, pointing with his cigar. It was after dinner, and through the open French window of the dining room a clear view was to be had of the tennis court and the players. A set had just been finished, and young Charles Westmacott was hitting up the balls as high as he could send them in the middle of the ground. Dr. Walker and Mrs. Westmacott were pacing up and down the lawn, the lady waving her racket as she emphasized her remarks, and the doctor listening with slanting head and little nods of agreement. Against the rails at the near end Harold was leaning in his flannels talking to the two sisters, who stood listening to him with their long dark shadows streaming down the lawn behind them. The girls were dressed alike in dark skirts, with light pink tennis blouses and pink bands on their straw hats, so that as they stood with the soft red of the setting sun tinging their faces, Clara demure and quiet, Ida mischievous and daring, it was a group which might have pleased the eye of a more exacting critic than the old sailor.



Dr. Walker and Mrs. Westmacott were pacing up and down the lawn.

"Yes, he looks happy, mother," he repeated with a chuckle. "It was not so long ago since it was you and I who were standing like that, and I don't remember that we were very unhappy either. It was croquet in our time, and the ladies had not reefed in their skirts quite so taut. What year would it be? Just before the commission of the Penelope."

Mrs. Hay Denver ran her fingers through his grizzled hair. "It was when you came back in the Antelope, just before you got your step."

"Ah, the old Antelope! What a clipper she was! She could sail two points nearer the wind than anything of her tonnage in the service. You remember her, mother. You saw her come into Plymouth bay. Wasn't she a beauty?"

"She was indeed, dear. But when I say that I think that Harold is not happy I mean in his daily life. Has it never struck you how thoughtful he is at times and how absentminded?"

"In love, perhaps, the young dog. He seems to have found snug moorings now at any rate."

"I think that it is very likely that you are right, Willy," answered the mother seriously.

"But with which of them?"

"I cannot tell."

"Well, they are very charming girls, both of them. But as long as he hangs in the wind between the two it cannot be serious. After all, the boy is four and twenty, and he made £700 last year. He is better able to marry than I was when I was lieutenant."

"I think that we can see which it is now," remarked the observant mother. Charles Westmacott had ceased to knock the tennis balls about and was chatting with Clara Walker, while Ida and Harold Denver were still talking by the railing with little outbursts of laughter. Presently a fresh set was formed, and Dr. Walker, the odd man out, came through the wicket gate and strolled up the garden walk.

"Good evening, Mrs. Hay Denver," said he, raising his broad straw hat. "May I come in?"

"Good evening, doctor. Pray do."

"Try one of these," said the admiral, holding out his cigar case. "They are not bad. I got them on the Mosquito coast. I was thinking of signaling to you, but you seemed so very happy out there."

"Mrs. Westmacott is a very clever woman," said the doctor, lighting the cigar. "By the way, you spoke about the Mosquito coast just now. Did you see much of the Hyla when you were out there?"

"No such name on the list," answered the seaman with decision. "There's the Hydra, a harbor defense turret ship, but she never leaves the home waters."

The doctor laughed. "We live in two separate worlds," said he. "The Hyla is the little green tree frog, and Beale has founded some of his views on protoplasm upon the appearances of its nerve cells. It is a subject in which I take an interest."

"There were vermin of all sorts in the woods. When I have been on river service I have heard it at night like the engine room when you are on the measured mile. You can't sleep for the piping and croaking and chirping. Great Scott, what a woman that is! She was across the lawn in three jumps. She would have made a captain of the foretop in the old days."

"She is a very remarkable woman."

"A very cranky one."

"A very sensible one in some things," remarked Mrs. Hay Denver.

"Look at that now!" cried the admiral, with a lunge of his forefinger at the doctor. "You mark my words, Walker, if we don't look out that woman will raise a mutiny with her preaching. Here's my wife disaffected already, and your girls will be no better. We must combine, man, or there's an end of all discipline."

(To be Continued.)

NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS.

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[illegible]

Remember that for $1.50 we will send the MINER and Philadelphia Weekly Press one year.

McKean County Miner

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY.

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L. ROGERS & SON,
Editors and Publishers.

Smethport, Pa. August 11 1893

Republican County Ticket.

FOR SHERIFF
A. B. WALKER of Bradford.
FOR PROTHONOTARY, ETC.
GEO. W. MITCHELL of Kendall.
FOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY
SHERIDAN GORTON of Smethport
FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONERS
FRANK R. FOSTER of Smethport
SHELDON JEWETT of [illegible]
FOR COUNTY AUDITOR
R. A. RICE of Eldred
WILL YOUNG of Keating
DELEGATES TO STATE CONVENTION
GEO. GRIFFITH of Kane,
P. H. FREEL of Lafayette
CHAIRMAN CO. COMMITTEE
THOS. B. CLARKE of Bradford

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

FOR [illegible]

ED. MINER: I am a candidate for the nomination of [illegible] subject to the decision of the Democratic [illegible] Please so announce in your paper. [illegible]

Smethport, July 31 1893.

REPUBLICAN STATE CONVENTION

ROOMS REPUBLICAN STATE COMMITTEE,
PHILADELPHIA, PA., [illegible] 1893.

To the Republican Electors of Pennsylvania: I am directed by the Republican State Committee to announce that the Republicans of Pennsylvania, by their duly chosen representatives, will meet in State Convention at HARRISBURG, PA., AUGUST [illegible] 1893, at [illegible] o'clock a. m., for the following purposes, to wit: For the nomination of candidates respectively for Judge of the Supreme Court and State Treasurer, and for the transaction of such other business as may be presented.

Attention is called to the rule adopted at the State Convention of 1891 providing for a new basis of representation as follows:

"Resolved, That representation in State Conventions shall be based upon the vote cast for the Republican candidate for President at the preceding Presidential election, one delegate being allotted to each Legislative district for every 2,000 Republican votes, and an additional delegate for a fraction in excess of 1,000 votes, each district to have at least one delegate."

Herewith annexed will be found a table setting forth the number of delegates to which each Legislative district is entitled in the Convention of August [illegible] under the above rule.

By order of the Republican State Committee.

FRANK REEDER,
Chairman.

Attest:
FRANK WILLING LEACH,
Secretary.

The schedule alluded to in the above call states that McKean county is entitled to two delegates to the State Convention.

DEMOCRATIC promises of 1 dollar wheat are redeemed at half price.—Kansas City Gazette.

IT is not blood but blackberry juice that you see on those Colorado bridles.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

BETWEEN 1878 and 1892 the stock of gold in the United States increased under the operation of Republican policy from $125,000,000 to $500,000,000. But we did not pay any such price for it as we are paying for the driblets of gold coming across the Atlantic to-day.—Brooklyn Times.

THOS. B. CLARKE, Esq., Chairman, has called a meeting of the Republican County Committee at the St. James Hotel, Bradford, on Wednesday next, Aug. 16th, at 2 o'clock p. m. Business of importance will come before the meeting and every member of the Committee is earnestly requested to be present.

F. W. BROWNELL will ask for the sheriff nomination by the Democratic Convention on Tuesday next. He would make a strong candidate but will hardly make the standing. The ticket cannot be made up entirely of Smethport men and he will find that his name is not on the slate when it is proclaimed.

THE following tariff picture from the New York Press is not pleasant but it is significant: "When Grover Cleveland was elected president on a platform declaring protection unconstitutional, the number of workingmen earning good wages in the protected plate glass industry was 10,000. The threat of free trade has closed every plate glass factory in the country and the number of workingmen employed in this business is to-day represented by 0."

HENRY WATTERSON, the brilliant editor of the Louisville Courier Journal, suggests some thoughts to President Cleveland as follows: "Truly now, even more than when the brilliant Kentucky Senator uttered the words

He who falters is a traitor!
He who doubts is lost!

Speed the President on to his duty; let the cowards loiter where they may. Be the wisdom of the serpent in his brain, the glow of passion in his heart, and God over all. Let him nail to his bed-post the Democratic platform, and every night as he kneels to pray let his prayer be this: 'Before I yield a word, or blot a line, may you woods deny me shelter, earth a home, the grave a resting place and eternal life the gates of heaven.'"

THE dull times have reached Lawrence, one of Massachusetts's great manufacturing centers, and three of its largest mills will shut down. Among them is the great Arlington Mills that employs 3000 hands and whose weekly pay roll is $21,000. The agent of these mills says: "It is the first time in the history of the Arlington corporation that there has been a shut down. The tariff is the cause of the trouble. It is the uncertainty as to what Congress will do that has brought on the panic. The silver law has very little to do with it." The opinion of the agent of the Atlantic Mill was to the same effect. He said that the depression in business is due to uncertainty as to the future and that this uncertainty as to the future was the result of the threats of the Democrats against the tariff. Such testimony coming from experienced business men and not at all influenced by politics ought to have weight with

WHEN THE MILLS SHUT DOWN.

O, 'Twas glorious last November when the victors marched away
With red-fire, drums and banners in magnificent array!
How their eyes with rapture sparkled, how each loyal heart grew warm
At the thought of poor old Benny swamped by cyclones of reform
And how double extra jolly it would be to search and kill
Our William McKinley and his blamed old robber bill.
But a different sort of feeling seems to permeate the town,
And gas don't count for glory
When
The
Mills
Shut
Down.

O 'twas altogether lovely then to sing the [illegible]
And furnish season tickets up Salt River, don't you see?
Mashing up official pudding sure such happiness must bring
While Maxwell gives his axe [illegible] a little extra swing
But hold! here comes another sort of music in the air
That tells of empty stomachs, and of pockets plucked and bare
Where are those protection killers now, those apostles of renown
Where, oh where the great reformers
When
The
Mills
Shut
Down?

[illegible] the great [illegible] over what has [illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible] completely [illegible]
And [illegible] the fearless [illegible] and awful name
How his stirring [illegible] should [illegible]
How they [illegible] the country over and then turn [illegible] again
And scatter all the [illegible] the haunts [illegible]
The [illegible] prospect [illegible]
[illegible]
Wh[illegible]
The
Mills
Shut
Down.

Ware [illegible] News.

THE PARTY OF FREE TRADE.

In the city of Sheffield, England, in the fall 1890 the effigy of William McKinley, Jr., was burned by a vociferous gathering which hurled anathemas at the author of the American tariff law which bears his name. The occasion was availed of by the manufacturers and wage-workers of that great center of English industry to express their disfavor of a law of the United States which already was depriving Englishmen of the opportunity to supply the American market with various lines of manufactured articles and was giving increased employment and profit to American labor and capital. Sheffield's ferment at the time was noted as a matter of news throughout all England and met with approbation as expressing English abhorrence of the Ohio statesman.

In the city of Sheffield on the 4th day of July 1893 an entirely different scene was witnessed when Englishmen joined with wine and cheers in applauding an American who prophesied the destruction of the McKinley law by the Democratic party of the United States.

All have heard of "Cousin Ben" Folsom.

About eight years ago Mr. Benjamin Folsom, the cousin of the then Democratic President Grover Cleveland, was appointed United States consul to Sheffield. As a matter of courtesy to his predecessor in office President Harrison did not remove Mr. Folsom from office but permitted him to retain the United States consulship at Sheffield throughout the whole term of the Republican administration.

Sheffield is one of the largest of England's manufacturing centers, and the American consulate there is a very important one. Yet it was not till this year that the anniversary of American independence had ever been celebrated there. Prior to this year it had been as silent to the patriotic impulses which spring in the breast of every true American on the day when our forefathers declared their independence of the English crown as was the legation at Honolulu last month.

Consul Benjamin Folsom however on July 4th gave a luncheon at Cutlers' hall, receiving acceptances from 110 persons including the mayor of the city and the Master Cutler with both of whom he walked arm in arm to the luncheon room.

Mr. Benjamin Folsom, United States consul to Sheffield and cousin of Democratic President Cleveland, as chairman asked his guests to drink "to the Queen and the President (applause), she the best beloved of queens, he the most honest and upright of presidents. (Applause.)"

In the course of his speech, Consul Ben Folsom said:

"England's greatest customer has been the United States and in spite of tariffs that have been raised against foreign countries there is, and must continue to be, a great and gigantic trade flowing from England to America. (Hear, hear.) You have passed the worst period; you have crossed the highest barrier that can be raised between the United States and England in a way of trade obstruction. (Applause.) I will tell you how this is. For the first time since 1860 the Democratic party, which is the party of free trade, is for the first time in power not only in the executive but in both the legislative branches."

Still further Consul Folsom observed with satisfaction that

"Before another twelve months have rolled by Sheffield will not be subjected to the onerous and oppressive tariff duties that have restricted her trade."

This news, coming from "Cousin Ben," will be considered official, and a tariff smashing programme on the part of the Congress which convened last Monday may be expected.

But as between the cheers extended to Consul Folsom over the prospect of Sheffield turning out manufacturing articles for the United States market which are now supplied by home labor and capital and the groans and curses which greeted the consignment of McKinley's effigy to the flame over the prospect of increased manufacturing on American soil, which would the patriotic American prefer?—Albany Journal.

THE President's Message, which was sent to Congress on Tuesday of this week, appears on this page. Mr. Cleveland seems to think that the purchase of silver by the Government under the Sherman bill is the cause of the monetary troubles of the country. Some of the wisest and most sagacious of our statesmen think differently. Time will determine who are correct. The message is an earnest, dignified [illegible] worthy perusal.

THE MESSAGE.

PRESIDENT CLEVELAND'S LETTER TO THE FIFTY-THIRD CONGRESS.

The President Deals Entirely With the Financial Situation—Recommends the Prompt Repeal of the Sherman Silver Purchasing Act—Recommends Immediate Action.

To the Congress of the United States:

The existence of an alarming and extraordinary business situation, involving the welfare and prosperity of all our people, has constrained me to call together in extra session the people's representatives in congress, to the end that through a wise and patriotic exercise of the legislative duty with which they solely are charged, present evils may be mitigated and dangers threatening the future may be averted.

Our unfortunate financial plight is not the result of untoward events nor of conditions related to our natural resources, nor is it traceable to any of the afflictions which frequently check national growth and prosperity. With plenteous crops, with abundant promise of remunerative production and manufacture, with unusual invitation to safe investment and with satisfactory assurance to business enterprise, suddenly financial distrust and fear have sprung up on every side. Numerous moneyed institutions have suspended because abundant assets were not immediately available to meet the demands of frightened depositors. Surviving corporations and individuals are content to keep in hand the money they are usually anxious to loan, and those engaged in legitimate business are surprised to find that the securities they offer for loans though heretofore satisfactory are no longer accepted. Values supposed to be fixed are fast becoming conjectural and loss and failure have involved every branch of business. I believe these things are principally chargeable to congressional legislation touching the purchase and coinage of silver by the general government.

This legislation is embodied in a statute passed on the 14th day of July 1890 which was the culmination of much agitation on the subject involved and which may be considered as a truce after a long struggle between the advocates of free silver coinage and those intending to be more conservative.

Undoubtedly the monthly purchase by the government of 4,500,000 ounces of silver enforced under that statute were regarded by those interested in silver production as a certain guarantee of its increase in price.

The result, however, has been entirely different, for immediately following a spasmodic and slight rise, the price of silver began to fall after the passage of the act and has since reached the lowest point ever known. This disappointing result has led to renewed and persistent effort in the direction of free silver coinage.

Meanwhile not only are the evil effects of the operation of the present law constantly accumulating but the result to which its execution must inevitably lead is becoming palpable to all who give the least heed to financial subjects.

This law provides that in payment for the 4,500,000 ounces of silver bullion which the secretary of the treasury is commanded to purchase monthly there shall be issued treasury notes redeemable on demand in gold or silver coin at the discretion of the secretary of the treasury, and that said notes may be reissued. It is however declared in the act to be "the established policy of the United States to maintain the two metals on a parity with each other upon the present legal ratio or such ratio as may be provided by law." This declaration so controls the action of the secretary of the treasury as to prevent his exercising the discretion nominally vested in him if by such action the parity between gold and silver may be disturbed. Manifestly a refusal by the secretary to pay these treasury notes in gold if demanded would necessarily result in their discredit and depreciation as obligations payable only in silver and would destroy the parity between the two metals by establishing a discrimination in favor of gold.

Up to the 15th day of July 1893 these notes had been issued in payment of silver bullion purchases, to the amount of more than $147,000,000. While all but a very small quantity of this bullion remains uncoined and without usefulness in the treasury many of the notes given in its purchase have been paid in gold. This is illustrated by the statement that between the 1st day of May 1892 and the 15th day of July 1893 the notes of this kind issued in payment for silver bullion amounted to a little more than $54,000,000 and that during the same period about $49,000,000 were paid by the treasury in gold for the redemption of such notes.

The policy necessarily adopted of paying these notes in gold has not spared the gold reserve of $100,000,000 long ago set aside by the government for the redemption of other notes, for this fund has already been subjected to the payment of new obligations amounting to about $150,000,000 on account of silver purchases, and has as a consequence for the first time since its creation been encroached upon.

We have thus made the depletion of our gold easy and have tempted other and more appreciative nations to add it to their stock. That the opportunity we have offered has not been neglected is shown by the large amounts of gold which have been recently drawn from our treasury and exported to increase the financial strength of foreign nations. The excess of exports of gold over its imports for the year ending June 30, 1893, amounted to more than $87,500,000.

Between July 1, 1890, and July 15, 1893, the gold coin and bullion in our treasury decreased more than $132,000,000 while during the same period the silver coin and bullion in the treasury increased more than $147,000,000. Unless government bonds are to be constantly issued and sold to replenish our exhausted gold, only to be again exhausted, it is apparent that the operation of the silver purchase law now in force leads in the direction of the entire substitution of silver for the gold in the government treasury, and that this must be followed by the payment of all government obligations in depreciated silver.

At this stage gold and silver must part company and the government must fail in its established policy to maintain the two metals on a parity with each other. Given over to the exclusive use of a currency greatly depreciated according to the standard of the commercial world we could no longer claim a place among nations of the first class, nor could our government claim a performance of its obligation so far as such an obligation has been imposed upon it to provide for the use of the people the best and safest money.

If as many of its friends claim silver ought to occupy a larger place in our currency and the currency of the world through international co-operation and agreement it is obvious that the United States will not be in a position to gain a hearing in favor of such an arrangement so long as we are willing to continue our attempt to accomplish the result single-handed.

The knowledge in business circles among our own people that our government cannot make its fiat equivalent to intrinsic value nor keep inferior money on a parity with superior money by its own independent efforts, has resulted in such a lack of confidence at home in the stability of currency values that capital refuses its aid to new enterprises, while millions are actually withdrawn from the channels of trade and commerce to become idle and unproductive in the hands of timid owners. Foreign investors, equally alert, not only decline to purchase American securities, but make haste to sacrifice those which they already have. It does not meet the situation to say that apprehension in regard to the future of our finances is groundless, and that there is no reason for lack of confidence in the purposes or power of the government in the premises. The very existence of this apprehension and lack of confidence, however caused, is a menace which ought not for a moment to be disregarded. Possibly if the undertaking we have in hand were the maintenance of a specific known quantity of silver at the parity with gold, our ability to do so might be estimated and gauged, and perhaps, in view of our unparalleled growth and resources, might be favorably passed upon. But when our avowed endeavor is to maintain such parity in regard to an amount of silver increasing at the rate of $50,000,000 yearly with no fixed termination to such increase, it can hardly be said that a problem is presented whose solution is free from doubt.

The people of the United States are entitled to a sound and stable currency and to money recognized as such on every exchange and in every market of the world. Their government has no right to injure them by financial experiments opposed to the policy and practice of other civilized states, nor is it justified in permitting an exaggerated and unreasonable reliance on our national strength and ability to jeopardize the soundness of the people's money.

This matter rises above the plane of party politics. It vitally concerns every business and calling, and enters every household in the land. There is one important aspect of the subject which especially should never be overlooked. At times like the present, when the evils of unsound finance threaten us, the speculator may anticipate a harvest gathered from the misfortunes of others, the capitalist may protect himself by hoarding or may even find profit in the fluctuation of values; but the wage earner—the first to be injured by a depreciated currency and the last to receive the benefit of its correction—is practically defenseless. He relies for work upon the ventures of confident and contented capital. This failing him his condition is without alleviation, for he can neither prey on the misfortunes of others nor hoard his labor. One of the greatest statesmen our country has known, speaking more than fifty years ago, when a derangement of the currency had caused commercial distress, said:

"The very man of all others who has the deepest interest in a sound currency and who suffers most by mischievous legislation in money matters, is the man who earns his daily bread by his daily toil."

These words are as pertinent now as on the day they were uttered, and ought to impressively remind us that a failure in the discharge of our duty at this time must especially injure those of our countrymen who labor, and who because of their number and condition are entitled to the most watchful care of their government.

It is of the utmost importance that such relief as congress can afford in the existing situation be afforded at once. The maxim "He gives twice who gives quickly" is directly applicable. It may be true that the embarrassments from which the business of the country is suffering arise as much from evils apprehended as from those actually existing. We may hope, too, that calm counsels will prevail and that neither the capitalists nor the wage earners will give way to unreasoning panic and sacrifice their property or their interests under the influence of exaggerated fears. Nevertheless every day's delay in removing one of the plain and principal causes of the present state of things enlarges the mischief already done and increases the responsibility of the government for its existence. Whatever else the people have a right to expect from congress, they may certainly demand that legislation condemned by the ordeal of three years' disastrous experience shall be removed from the statute books as soon as their representatives can legitimately deal with it.

It was my purpose to summon congress in special session early in the coming September that we might enter promptly upon the work of tariff reform, which the true interests of the country clearly demand, which so large a majority of the people, as shown by their suffrages, desire and expect, and to the accomplishment of which every effort of the present administration is pledged. But while tariff reform has lost nothing of its immediate and permanent importance and must in the near future engage the attention of congress, it has seemed to me that the financial condition of the country should at once and before all other subjects be considered by your honorable body.

I earnestly recommend the prompt repeal of the provisions of the act passed July 14, 1890, authorizing the purchase of silver bullion, and that other legislative action may put beyond all doubt or mistake the intention and the ability of the government to fulfill its pecuniary obligations in money universally recognized by all civilized countries.

GROVER CLEVELAND.

Executive Mansion, Aug. 8.

GRAND ARMY [illegible]

The approaching [illegible] encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic will be [illegible] in many ways. To begin with, it is likely to be a very large [illegible] many [illegible] with [illegible] Then it [illegible] the first national encampment [illegible] meeting of the Grand Army [illegible] 186[illegible] [illegible] the basis [illegible] between [illegible] wonderful growth and [illegible] day [illegible]

[illegible]

Here one of the points of interest in the Indianapolis meeting will be to see whether the statistics will [illegible] a real and well marked falling off. From that year the official reports acknowledged that practically it may be said that the membership of the Grand Army is now at its highest point. It no doubt will remain at about the above numbers for a few years and [illegible] then necessarily it must decrease, and the decrease will be rapid. This is the first confession ever made that the organization had reached its climax.

The numbers here referred to, however, furnish a splendid proof of the great vitality and power of the Grand Army. They showed an aggregate of [illegible] members in good standing. And what is also remarkable is the lively interest taken in the annual encampment as indicated in the annual [illegible] The citizens' Executive Board at Indianapolis thinks that the attendance at the coming [illegible] will be the largest ever known, and has prepared to furnish free quarters in barracks for 100,000 persons. It has a fund of $150,000 to work with. Last year at Washington the aid of Congress and the participation of other branches of the Government made the occasion one of the most enthusiastic in the annals of the society, and the visitors were numbered by hundreds of thousands, surpassing anything ever known in the city. But at Indianapolis there is expected to be a larger attendance from the central and western States. Wherever the encampment is held it brings out an enormous gathering of the veterans and their families and friends, and the occasion becomes a gala week for the neighborhood.—Washington correspondent New York Sun.

For a lame back or for a pain in the side or chest try saturating a piece of flannel with Chamberlain's Pain Balm and binding it onto the affected parts. This treatment will cure any ordinary case in one or two days. Pain Balm also cures rheumatism. 50 cent bottles for sale by L. E. Armstrong.

SHERIFF'S RECORD CONTINUED.

Com. vs Frank Donlin, No. 47, September Sessions, 1891.

Charge selling liquor on Sunday. No indictment, the trial and defendant discharged for the reason apparent of record that the Commonwealth failed to proceed. In a criminal case no one [illegible] is represented by the District Attorney. Upon this record the county was liable for no part of costs, yet these costs were transferred to the Commissioners' Cost Docket to the amount of $5.72 and paid of which S. W. Smith, District Attorney, receipted for $5 and his fee [illegible] for $12.34.

[illegible] Sessions 1890. [illegible]

Com. vs A. J. M[illegible] No. 31 September Sessions 1891.

[illegible]

Executor's Notice.

[illegible]

Clearing Sale

We [illegible] make [illegible] prices [illegible] that we [illegible] Whole [illegible] rather than [illegible] this Summer goods [illegible] all [illegible]

Stocks are [illegible] remnant [illegible] something [illegible] certain things are useful [illegible] fashion is turning away from them. It's the dull of the year [illegible] trade and will help [illegible] that you only know [illegible] when and where to buy.

[illegible] a firmer grip on [illegible] We don't [illegible] be a dull month [illegible] can make a balance in our favor.

Whatever [illegible] we've more [illegible] sell [illegible]

Mail Orders

[illegible] the best buying [illegible] and the best money's worth.

No matter where you live you know this store. Many people are learning [illegible] economical shopping [illegible]

It's [illegible] to write [illegible] or anything you want, or send a letter for samples and information. It's the business of our mail order department to attend to such.

We want every woman to know that buying is not a necessary passport to the courtesy of this store. It's at your service and at any and all times.

BARNES, HENGERER & CO.

CLOSING OUT!

LADIES' CLOAKS AND HATS.

What Ladies' Cloaks and Hats now remain unsold will go at prices which will be very cheap for those wishing to purchase such articles.

Also elegant values in remnants.

This cheap sale will continue until all those goods are closed out.

Mrs. T. D. Nash.

Smethport, Pa.

AT

P. D. HOPKINS,

Corner Mill and Mechanic Streets,

SMETHPORT, PENNA.,

Can be found a full line of Dry Goods, Groceries, Boots, Shoes &c

NEW GOODS

Arriving almost daily.

Our canned goods are of the best quality and will be at the lowest market prices.

Remember we are agents for the popular Clothing Firm of G. W. Simmons & Co., Boston, Mass. All orders left with us are promptly filled and satisfaction guaranteed.

Thanking our customers for their liberal patronage in the past, we still by honest and fair dealing, endeavor to merit a continuance of the same.

P. D. HOPKINS

NEW -:- FURNITURE

SPECHT & SASSE

We have a large stock of the latest designs in furniture and we are able to offer some very attractive bargains. If you want a single piece of furniture or an outfit for your home it will pay you to see our stock

DON'T FAIL TO CALL

before making a purchase elsewhere

Undertaking in all its branches a specialty

Corner of Main and Union Streets SMETHPORT, PA.

THURSDAY, AUGUST 17.

FREE!

E. HOUSEWORTH,

Eye Specialist,

AT M. L. ARMSTRONG'S

SMETHPORT, PA.

JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT

UNLIKE ANY OTHER

FOR HOUSEHOLD USE

Was originated and first prescribed by AN OLD FAMILY PHYSICIAN in 1810. Could a remedy without real merit have survived over eighty years?

SOOTHING HEALING PENETRATING For INTERNAL and EXTERNAL use.

[illegible] I. S. JOHNSON & CO., Boston, Mass.

STATE NORMAL SCHOOL,

EDINBORO, PA.

Fall term opens August 28th 1893.

We invite careful attention to the merits of the school. You will be satisfied.

That the school secures intellectual development with the professional training.

That the school has first class teachers.

That the students make rapid progress.

That the school is thoroughly equipped.

That no other Normal can give so much at so small a price.

One term at the Edinboro Normal costs only $50.

Write for information.

Martin G. Benedict, Ph. D.
Principal.

Aug3—5t

Notice.

Notice is hereby given that a petition will be presented to the Court of Quarter Sessions of McKean county, Pennsylvania, at Smethport, on Tuesday, September 5th 1893, at 10 o'clock a. m., to transfer the hotel license of Charles Keys granted May 8th 1893 for one year from the first Monday of June 1893 to Hugh [illegible] and John L. Smith, of Clermont, Sergeant township, McKean county, [illegible] formerly engaged in the hotel business [illegible] for a hotel situated at Clermont, Sergeant township, said county, and known as the Hayer House.

22-4t. E. L. KEENAN, Attorney.

Subscribe for the MINER.

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10 Per Cent Power Saved

— BY BUYING YOUR —

CYCLES

of us. This is accomplished with an invention of our own which is fitted to all our bicycles without extra charge. Do not buy without looking over our fine line at all prices, and remember a saving of 10 per cent power is quite an item and has other advantages.

M. A. WOODBURY,
11-15 Mechanic St.
Bradford, Pa.

Horses For Sale

AT—

Palmer & Church

LIVERY & SALE STABLES.

PAIR WORKERS,
Grey, 7 years old, 2,[illegible] pounds.

PAIR DRIVERS,
Brown, 5 years old, broke single and double, [illegible]

BLACK HORSE,
5 years old, kind in any harness, 1,050 pounds.

BROWN HORSE,
10 years old, worker, slight blemish, cheap, 1,2[illegible] pounds.

BROOD MARE,
[illegible] years old, 1,350 pounds, Canada black, a very good one, will foal in August.

All the above stock for sale at 1893 prices.

PALMER & CHURCH.
Smethport, Pa., Aug. 3d 1893.

W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE WILL NOT RIP.

Do you wear them? When next in need try a pair.

Best in the world.

$5.00
$4.00
$3.50
$2.50
$2.25
$2.00
FOR GENTLEMEN

$3.00
$2.50
$2.00
FOR LADIES

$2.00
$1.75
FOR BOYS

$1.75
FOR MISSES

If you want a fine DRESS SHOE, made in the latest styles, don't pay $6 to $8, try my $3, $3.50, $4.00 or $5 Shoe. They fit equal to custom made and look and wear as well. If you wish to economize in your footwear, do so by purchasing W. L. Douglas Shoes. Name and price stamped on the bottom, look for it when you buy. W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass. Sold by

STICKNEY, RITCHIE & CO.

BUGGIES at ½ Price

CARTS & HARNESS. [illegible]

U. S. BUGGY & CART CO. [illegible] Lawrence St., Cincinnati, O.

BRADFORD'S CUT PRICES.

'Tis an unusual move for the **GREAT SUPPLY HOUSE** to cut prices. They are usually low enough. It is unusual for any house to cut so deep—though "half off" may be the headline. Right in Midsummer Summer articles are cut. This great Harness stock is cut to bottom. Everything a horse can need never in Bradford cost so little. Perhaps they never will again. And so with Summer articles.

Harness Reduced.

Single Harness	From $15 to $11 From $18 to $13 From $20 to $17 From $[illegible] to $[illegible]
Double Driving Harness	From $35 to $27.50 From $45 to $37.50.
Express Harness	From $11 to $8.50. From $22 to $19. From $25 to $20.
Harness Parts	All cut 10 per cent.
Scrim Sheets	All cut 20 per cent
Fly Nets and Whips	Cut 20 per cent and more

Hammocks Cut

All cut 25 per cent or more. Good hammocks now [illegible] 75 cents, the best reduced $2.00

RUBBER HOSE CUT—WATER COOLERS CUT—FILTERS CUT.

BUY NOW.

Either our stock or these prices may be ended in a week. We shall not buy more to sell like this. Buy for the future. The saving is five times good interest. These are honest discounts, as everybody knows who knows this store. They are unusual discounts which may not be obtained again in years.

They are Worth The Saving.

L. EMERY, JR., & CO.,

Emery & Weaver. Bradford, Pa.

U SAY, "CHEESE THE RACKET."

FARMERS, ATTENTION!

Will U Read and B Ys?

2 Ys 2 B Humbugged by the 100 per centers. If U wish to sell Cattle, Hay, Grain or Produce of any kind, the 100 per center will not want it without U'll let it go for half price, and then he will want 2 pay U from his shave shop. The Rich get Richer and the Poor Poorer.

Our plan of doing business is 25 per cent profit. No trust, no bad debts, no Office Bible. Strictly cash before goods leave the Store. All goods sold are warranted to give satisfaction or money refunded. Quick Sales and Reasonable Profit. We do not make Fish of one and Bone of another.

Every article is marked plain, and 1 price 2 all. U have now Proved our Goods and have not found them wanting. U have heard the 100 per center cry cheap, trashy goods. We have been Weighed and not found Wanting. We do not give you Cr. and in 3 or 4 years have a Mortgage on your Home.

Pay as U go and U will not O. O I C A Grand difference between 25 and 100 per cent.

Men's $3 calf shoe $2.19
Ladies' $1.50 work shoe for [illegible]c.—Xtra good
Men's Oil grain Peg Plow Shoe $1.16, worth $2
Ladies' Opera turn shoe, xtra fine $2.35, worth $3.50
Men's Outing Flannel Shirts 21c, same as you pay 35c.
Men's Mole Skin Shirts 50c, worth 75c.
Our $1.41 Ladies' Dongola Button Opera toe shoe, same as you pay elsewhere $2 for, has proven xtra good
Safety Pins 2, 3 and 4c per dozen, same as others sell for 10c.
Adamantine Pins 1c, same as U pay others 5 to 8c for
Needles in a paper, darning needles 3c per dozen, same as U pay 1c each for
Spring balances 9c, same as elsewhere charged 25c for
Men's xtra fine suspenders, 16 to 20c, worth 50c.
Steel curry comb 11c, others sell for 25c
Horse Brush 10c, hair brushes 10 to 40
Our tinware is the best in the world, manufactured at Clifton Springs, N. Y. Anti rust, warranted not to rust for six years
Ten quart flaring pail 15c; 12 qt 15c; 14 qt 19c
No. 8 Boiler $1.22, the best tin and copper bottom and will weigh 15, the more than those sold by others for $1.75
Toilet Jars 72c. Commode—Ring and cover 70c.
The above are anti-rusters. The following are of the best tin and are well made:
A No. 1 Pail, 10 quart, 22c; 14 qt 25c; 12 qt strainer pail 23c; 4 qt pail and cover 13c; 2 qt 9c; 2 qt basin 4c; dipper 6 and 2c; 4 qt coffee boiler 13c; 2 qt 10c.
Eight inch file 8c, same as U pay 15 to 25c for, warranted good.
Three cornered 6 inch file 6c; 4 inch 4c.
Higgins Baking Powder, we give away and sell the dishes for 45c, some xtra good bargains. The Powder is equal to the Royal, so our customers say
Cigars 3c each, same as others ask 5c.
Men's Dice Box Hats 89c, worth $1.50.
Men's Heavy Oil Cloth Coats $2.29
Ladies' Macintoshes $1.85, worth $2.50.
Ladies' Fine Fan Hats, 10c, worth 30. Trimmed Hats from New York $1.25 to $5.00, sold elsewhere at double these prices.

Lace from 1 to 10c a yard. Lace bed sets [illegible] to $1.45—worth double
Night dresses 49c, embroidered skirts [illegible] skirts 32c
Wrappers, 89, others sell for $1.
Men's blouse waists, 19c.
Concentrated Extracts, 2 oz, 13c, worth 25
Complete sets of China dishes, cups and saucers without handles, 37c; with handles 4[illegible]; set of 6 inch plates 37c, others sell at 75c.
Large wash bowl and pitcher 72c, others [illegible] for $1.25. Turreens 42c. Covered Chambers 53c, worth 75c
Carpenter Tools—Saw, 26 inch 37c; Buck saw, with handle 63c. We have sold 15 dozen of these saws, not a poor one in the lot.
Hammers, solid Steel, warranted, no checks, no flaws, 22c.
Double refined spring steel squares 48c, so elsewhere for $1. Tri-squares, 6 inch 1[illegible]; bevel squares 2[illegible]
Wood planes cheap and good.
Key hole saws 16c, worth 25.
Brass bound rule—2 feet—25c, worth $1.25.
Thirty inch level and plumb 48c, sold elsewhere for $1
Six inch sweep braces 2[illegible]c, worth 60c.
One set of bits $1.25
Eight day strike alarm, barometer and thermometer clocks $3.31, sold elsewhere for $4.50. These clocks are warranted first in every respect. Sunrise alarm [illegible] $1.50
Halter chains 13c, worth 25c
Harness snaps 2c, same as U pay 5c [illegible]
Sewing machine oil, 2 oz 4c, worth 10.
Hammocks 66c, sold elsewhere for [illegible]; heavy $1.22.
Bamboo jointed fish poles 10 to 25c.
Hay forks, 3 tine 25c, 2 tine 21c. They speak for themselves
Hand rakes 15c. These are the best goods, such as are sold from 35 to 40c
Scythe stones 4c, first class, same as [illegible]
Lanterns 43c, worth 60.
Dinner Pails 34c.
Flour—Hollon Bros.' best $1.20, Three Chester Globe Mills $1.09, Star [illegible] Loaf $1.00, Northern Light $1.09, [illegible] White Rose 99c. As good as some [illegible] for

We are here to stay and our goods are guaranteed to give satisfaction or money refunded. We have some grand bargains in auction goods. Photograph Albums for $1.60, worth $3, and other goods too numerous to mention.

New Goods arriving every week. We neither ask nor give credit. Under buy under sell is our motto.

Cing is believing so come & C.

A. E. STICKLES.

East Smethport, Pa.

McKean County Miner
Entered at the postoffice at Smethport as second-class mail matter.

Smethport, Pa., August 11, 1893.

LOCAL AND GENERAL

[illegible] the town.

[illegible] energy and enterprise.

Smethport has a future and a good [illegible]

Sport [illegible] hunting the quail and [illegible]

[illegible] liquor make the world [illegible]

Hunters are preparing to watch the licks.

Very warm weather is predicted for several weeks.

Hay fever is [illegible] this year. Hay is too high.

Electricity now lights about 1500 American towns.

The dull season of the year is the [illegible] to advertise.

[illegible] capacity the pocket in the average [illegible] is peculiar.

We are now getting into the season of cool nights and mornings.

Labor day is the next legal holiday. It occurs on Monday, September 4th.

—The prospect for a large crop of chestnuts was never more promising.

—L. Emery, Jr., & Co. have a new ad in this week's MINER, which is of unusual interest.

—Don't fail to see the dogs and trained goats. See little Eva drive the goats tandem.

A great many people in this section were [illegible] with the big Columbia [illegible]

People who have no charity for the faults of others are generally stone blind to their own.

Bear are reported plentiful, quite a number having been seen in the neighboring woods.

The circus that the hose company longed for after the big East Smethport fire never came.

Hereafter the Buffalo *Illustrated Express* will not be delivered to customers until paid for.

The Smethport second nine have reorganized and are now ready to play any nine of their class.

Coming, Pfaff & Goodman's Uncle Tom's Cabin Co., Aug. 15. Don't miss the noon day parade.

Charity is one of the most beautiful flowers of earth, and it is also one of the rarest, especially when you feel penniless.

The remains of Mrs. Mary McNulty were interred in St. Elizabeth's cemetery Saturday morning last. Rev. Father Galligan officiating.

The Smead heating system which will be employed in the new school house is the best sanitary arrangement for ventilation in the world.

—Come and see Pfaff & Goodman's U. T. C. Co., Aug. 15. The best company, best band, best orchestra and best parade of any company on the road.

—On the first page of this issue of the MINER will be found the opening chapters of the very interesting serial story "Beyond the City," by J. Conan Doyle.

—The Odd Fellows are having a great reunion in Eldred to-day, Thursday. The town is beautifully decorated and the program is being carried out to the letter.

—The reflection on the sky caused by the fire at Kushequa last Friday night in which Kane's mills and lumber yard were consumed, was observed at great distance.

Christian Paulsen, a Norwegian now living in New Jersey contemplates a trip across the Atlantic in a sixteen foot skiff. [illegible] will start on his venturesome journey the twentieth of this month.

[illegible] Love" at the M. E. Church Sunday at 11:00 a. m. The last sermon in the [illegible] Kings and Queens Crowned and [illegible] at 4 p. m. Four short talks [illegible] League on "The Gospel of [illegible]"

We [illegible] call particular attention [illegible] card of Miss Hattie Waller which appears elsewhere in this paper. Miss W[illegible] is an accomplished stenographer and typewriter and she is every way [illegible] of patronage. She can be found [illegible] law office of E. R. Mayo, over the [illegible] office.

Smethport Democrats are [illegible] for [illegible] this season. One man wants to be sheriff, another is a candidate for the position of District attorney, another [illegible] for prothonotary and still another for county commissioner. What's to become of the other voting districts in the county?

There is a superficial sense of [illegible] among some people that is easily shocked. When this rare sense is so stunned their [illegible] goes down, while the nose goes up. They should remember that there is but one competent to judge human actions, and that persons who are really good at heart, may make mistakes.

A mining engineer from Deadwood, South Dakota, who is stopping in Smethport, informed a MINER representative yesterday that lawyers were the most prosperous people in the west. He said that Black Hills lawyers were all rich. They of course have the "deadwood" on men whose claims they maintain.

—Rev. G. W. Halliwell met with quite a serious accident Wednesday. He was riding on a wagon at East Smethport when the horses became frightened at the train. Mr. Halliwell was thrown from the wagon, one of the wheels running over him. He was bruised quite severely about the head and his arm was badly sprained.

Elisha K. Kane says his loss at Kushequa by the Friday night fire was over $70,000. On this was an insurance of $45,000. The big mill will be rebuilt as soon as possible, and in the meantime a new mill of Mr. Kane's, at West Line, 10 miles down the Kinzua valley from Kushequa, will be used to supply [illegible] for lumber.

Messrs. Eckels, Holder, Foster, Keroy, [illegible] Brownell, accompanied by [illegible] of Dr. Clark, visited the Eldred [illegible] A. Y. M., on Wednesday evening of this week. At the request of the W. M. of that lodge, Mr. Eckels conferred [illegible] and P. M. degrees. The Smethport brothers were royally entertained at [illegible] after the meeting.

If [illegible] uncle has an aunt who has a nephew whose wife has a cousin that is [illegible] to an old friend of your wife's [illegible] whose grandfather used to live in [illegible] with an old school mate [illegible] whose son-in-law is now in [illegible] you should at once renew the [illegible] with a view of saving hotel [illegible] attending the World's Fair. [illegible] can be worked successfully in [illegible] instances.—Kittanning Republican.

—Aquatic base ball is the latest Long Branch diversion. The game is played in a swimming pool by the bathers. A rubber ball four times the size of an ordinary base ball is used. The batters swim to bases after they make a strike. The Browns and G. A. C.'s might challenge the Smethports to a game of this sort to be played at Riverside park.—Era.

Cigarette smokers should heed the warning given them in the death of William Scott, a civil engineer at Springfield, Ohio. He died in the greatest agony of [illegible] delirium tremens superinduced by excessive smoking of cigarettes. [illegible] and a number of other causes which generally prove fatal have been the usual result of cigarette smoking. This is the first authenticated case of delirium tremens from that cause.

The Ladies Aid Society of the M. E. Church assisted by the young people of the congregation will give a free musical entertainment at the home of J. W. Brennan Tuesday evening, Aug. 15, with interludes of various dainties, ice cream, watermelon, etc., etc., the proceeds of the "interludes" to apply on the Epworth Chapel fund. All are invited to come and have have an evening of pleasure and profit. From 8 to 9:30 p. m. Mr. Geyer, a leading baritone of Dayton, Ohio, will sing.

Almost every housewife thinks she knows how to make lemonade, but only those who use this rule are right in their belief. To every quart of water use three lemons and the rind of one, taking care to peel the rind very thin, using nothing but the yellow outside. Cut this into pieces and put with the juice and powdered sugar in a jug with a cover, using two ounces of sugar to every quart. Boil the water as for tea, then pour it over the lemon and sugar. Cover let it cool and [illegible] serve.

W. W. White of this place had a planing mill at Kushequa, which was destroyed in the conflagration at that place Friday evening last. White had contracted for planing the Kane lumber. He was insured for $2,000, his loss being about $2,400. He says there was about 80 lbs. pressure on the gas line which furnished the mill with fuel and it is impossible to tell whether the fire started under his mill or the saw mill. When the fire was discovered there was a vast sheet of flame under both mills and the air was full of gas.

Mrs. Eliza A. Hall has contracted with Hyde Murphy & Co. for the erection of a new solid brick block on Main street, east of C. H. McCauley's offices. The block will be 40x80 feet, two stories, with cellar and fire proof vaults. It will all be handsomely finished in hard wood. The structure will contain ten fine office rooms—four large rooms on first floor and six on second. The offices are being built especially for the Elk and Union Tanning Companies. It will be a handsome structure and an ornament to our town. Work will begin at once.—Ridgway Advocate.

—Charles M. Baker, a former and well known citizen of this place, died at his home in Buffalo, on Wednesday afternoon of this week. He was the eldest son of John Baker, Esq., whose family has resided in this place for the past twelve years until about a year ago. He was a brother of John W. Baker, editor of the Kane *Republican*. We go to press without any particulars of the last illness of the deceased. Prof. Eckels received a brief dispatch this Thursday morning from his brother Frank that he died Wednesday afternoon, and a gentleman from Buffalo, who knew of his illness, says that he had a severe attack of dysentery. The deceased was about 31 years of age and was a young man of much popularity. He was a member of the Masonic and I. O. O. F. lodges of this place.

—Matthew Ostrander, Esq., of Liberty township celebrated his 90th birthday anniversary on Sunday last by gathering together at the old homestead 40 members of his family, every one of whom, to the youngest grandchild, so Walace says, are Black Republicans, excepting one son-in-law. It may not be generally known that Mr. Ostrander was a resident of Smethport 60 years ago, and that he helped clear the James Taylor and Gibson farms west of town. He also assisted Dexter Corwin in putting in the bridge across Marvin Creek at this point. Later on he moved to Potter county and at one time kept a hotel in Coudersport. He was deputy sheriff of Potter county when a man by the name of Jones was hung many years ago and assisted in the hanging. He bought and cleared the farm on which he now lives, moving back from Potter county in 1861. May he live to celebrate many more birthday anniversaries is the sincere wish of his many friends.

—There is an honest old stage driver in New Hampshire who in good faith gives the following explanation of the origin of the bible: There was Matthew an' Mark an' Luke an' John, an' Moses, an' Jonah an' Solomon an' David, an' they don't nobody know haow many more. They all had their own bibles, and every feller thought his was ther best one in the lot. Wal, after some years ther people begun ter clamor for ther true bible, an so all them fellers met together ter decide which was ther true bible. Now, of course, every one on 'em said his was the best, and then they begun some [illegible] which was mud up in a war. They fit pretty fierce for a time an there was considerable many of them got killed off, so they calkated they'd better call a halt an count up the wounded. Then they had enuther consultation an' after er good deal of jawin on all sides, they come ter ther conclusion that they'd better put all ther books tergether into one. An the more I think on't, the more I believe it was the way the bible was made.

It Should Be in Every House

J. B. Wilson, 371 Clay St., Sharpsburg, Pa., says he will not do without Dr. King's New Discovery for consumption, coughs and colds, that it cured his wife who was threatened with pneumonia after an attack of "la grippe," when various other remedies and several physicians had done her no good. Robert Barber, of Cooksport, Pa., claims Dr. King's New Discovery has done him more good than anything he ever used for lung trouble. Nothing like it. Try it. Free trial bottle at Frank R. Foster's and A. B. Armstrong's Drug Store. Large bottles, 50c. and $1.00.

Stenographer and Type-Writer

Miss Hattie A. Waller is prepared to do work in short-hand and type-writing, at the office of E. R. Mayo, Esq., over the postoffice, and solicits the patronage of those who are desiring work of that character.

Smethport, Aug. 3, 1893.

Wanted.

A position as night-watchman on any public or private establishment. Best of references given. Address C, care of MINER office.

Smethport, Aug. 7, 1893.—2w

For Sale.

The subscriber has a Champion Mowing Machine for sale, cheap. It is in excellent running order.

Wm. H. Pinard.

Smethport, July 28, 1893.

PERSONAL MENTION.

—We would deem it a favor if [illegible] friends visiting in this place would inform us of it, personally or by leaving a notice at this office.

D. H. Rock of Bradford, was in town Monday.

Mrs. Mary Chadwick returned Monday from Chicago.

John E. Chadwick of Bradford was in town Wednesday.

A. N. Lillibridge of Port Allegany visited Smethport Wednesday.

Master Earl Vincent of Jamestown, is the guest of relatives in town.

Miss Vie Burdick, of this place, spent Sunday with Portville friends.

Leon Grigsby of Port Allegany rode to Smethport on his bicycle Sunday.

Norman Keefer and Frank White of this place visited Mt. Jewett Sunday.

Dr. Mary Chadwick is suffering from a severe attack of catarrh of the stomach.

Messrs. Geo. A. Berry and Robt. L. Dygert had business in Smethport this week.

Robt. H. Ross and wife and Mrs. Henry Hamlin, are visiting in Binghamton, N. Y.

Robert Clark of Troy, Ontario, is visiting his brother Dr. John Clark of this place.

Tom Morrison and Roy Gifford left Tuesday last for Ellicottville, N. Y., on their bicycles.

Mrs. Samuel Edwin Bell is the guest of her parents Mr. and Mrs. T. A. Morrison of Green street.

John McCarty and John Voorhies of Johnsonburg are shaking hands with friends in town.

Dr. and Mrs. F. C. Pierce will take a two weeks outing on bicycles, starting first of next week.

Mrs. William O. Hamlin, of New York, is a guest at the residence of Jno. C. Hamlin, on Main street.

Charles Bosworth of New York, passed Sunday last in Smethport, the guest of his father-in-law, J. C. Backus.

Miss Minnie Manning of this place returned from a two weeks visit with relatives in Port Allegany on Saturday.

Rev. and Mrs. E. L. Hilts and son Paul will leave for the World's Fair on Monday next. They will be absent about two weeks.

Ira Horton of Providence, R. I., has charge of the Creamery during the illness of Manager Loveland who is ill with typhoid fever.

Charles Geyer, manager of the Dayton, O., *Herald*, is passing a few weeks of vacation in Smethport, a guest of his sister Mrs. Church of Water St.

Mrs. J. B. Sprague and son George returned Saturday last from a visit with friends in Meadville. They will leave Monday next for a visit at the World's Fair.

Mrs. J. A. Verdon and son Herbert, who, for the past few weeks have been visiting relatives in Jamestown, returned to their home in this place Saturday last.

Another Veteran Gone.

Albert Reed, one of the best known men of Keating township, died at his home on Road Run, about five miles north of Smethport, on Tuesday of this week of paralysis, aged 81 years.

The deceased was born in Cayuga Co., N. Y., and when a young man came to Allegany Co., of the same state, where he married Miss Kate Murphy, who survives him. The result of that union was 12 children, 9 of whom, six sons and three daughters, are now living. Twenty four years ago Mr. Reed moved with his family to this county and located on the property where he died. At that time there was a fine body of timber lying along the stream above his place and he built a saw mill for the purpose of utilizing it. He was the pioneer lumberman in that locality, and Reed's mill became known far and wide. He continued in the lumber business until within the last three or four years, having cut up most of the available timber in that locality, and has since devoted his energies to farming.

The deceased enlisted as a private soldier early in the war of the Rebellion in Co. B, 150th N. Y. Vols. and served with credit until the close of the war. He was a charter member of Post 347, G. A. R., of this place, and took great interest in matters affecting the veterans of the war. He was a good citizen, a true man, a kind and affectionate husband and father and his family have the sincere sympathy of all friends in their bereavement.

The funeral services were held at the Coryville church on Wednesday at 3 p. m., Rev. Bronson of Farmers Valley officiating. A large concourse of neighbors and friends were in attendance. The remains were interred in the Frisbee cemetery, the services at the grave being conducted by the comrades of Post 347, H. L. Burlingame Commander.

Mr. Thomas Batte, editor of the Graphic, Texarkana, Arkansas, has found what he believes to be the best remedy in existence for the flux. His experience is well worth remembering. He says: "Last summer I had a very severe attack of flux. I tried almost every known remedy, none giving relief. Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy was recommended to me. I purchased a bottle and received almost immediate relief. I continued to use the medicine and was entirely cured. I take pleasure in recommending this remedy to any person suffering with such a disease, as in my opinion it is the best medicine in existence." 25 and 50 cent bottles for sale by A. B. Armstrong.

I suffered from severe cold in my head for months and could get no relief. Was advised to use Ely's Cream Balm. It has worked like magic in its cure. I am free from my cold after using the Balm one week, and I believe it is the best remedy known.—Samuel J. Harris, Wholesale Grocer, 119 Front St., New York.

The motto of the proprietors of Dr. Henry Baxter's Mandrake Bitters is, "the greatest good to the greatest number," and so sell a large bottle of a valuable remedy for the small price of 25 cents, and warrant every bottle to give satisfaction or money refunded. For sale by H. C. Wells.

We could not improve the quality if paid double the price. DeWitt's witch hazel Salve is the best salve that experience can produce or that money can buy. Sold by A. B. Armstrong.

Something new in the line of collars. Gleason & Lemmler have just received what is termed a cork collar. Call in and examine it before purchasing elsewhere.

If you can afford to be annoyed by sick headache and constipation, don't use De Witt's Little Early Risers for these little pills will cure them. Sold by A. B. Armstrong.

The Edinboro State Normal School has received an appropriation from the State of $13,000. This will enable the school to increase its facilities and to maintain its reputation.

Little vegetable health producers: DeWitt's Little Early Risers cure malarious disorder's and regulate the stomach and bowels, which prevents headache and dizziness. Sold by A. B. Armstrong.

The hills and valleys contiguous to Smethport are rich in mineral resources, and there is no reason why brick and glass manufactories, stone quarries, and other enterprises should not be giving employment to those working it in our midst. Twenty three carloads of tile were shipped to this place and used in construction of the sewer which is about completed, at a cost to the contractor of several hundred dollars for transportation alone. The same amount of money would build a plant that would manufacture a better quality of tile than that used for the sewer.

The enormous quantity of rock, clay and other materials on every hand conspicuous, which have have been tested and show a high character of excellence would make the establishment of glass factories, brick and tile kilns, quarries and other plants not only feasible but exceedingly profitable to those having the enterprise to invest a little money. Why not develope the country? It only requires a little stimulus administered to the capitalists and a little activity on the part of the board of trade.

The rarest quality of brown stone in the world can be found embodied in the neighboring hills. If you don't believe it ask Andrew Reilly, or take your pick and go out on a prospecting trip. While Smethport is at a stand still, watching the rest of the world, little towns like Kane and Bradford are taking advantage of every opportunity to encourage industry, development and enterprise. Wake up.

Base Ball.

"The country boys" trimmed up the "city boys" again on Friday last as follows, to-wit:

[illegible]

[illegible] Smethport 3. Two-base hits, Tail [illegible] Young [illegible] Young [illegible] Struck out, by McFall 9, by Harvey 1. Bases on balls, off McFall 3, off Harvey 1. [illegible] Young & [illegible]. Wild pitch, McFall.

Married.

At the home of the bride in Farmers Valley by Rev. A. Bronson, June 27, 1893, Mr. Hugh A. Warner of Eldred, Pa., and Miss Hunie Caldwell of Farmers Valley, Pa.

The success of Mrs. Annie M. Beam of McKeesport, Pennsylvania, in the treatment of diarrhoea in her children will undoubtedly be of interest to many mothers. She says: "I spent several weeks in Johnstown, Pa., after the great flood on account of my husband being employed there. We had several children with us, two of whom took the diarrhoea very badly. I got some of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy from Rev. Mr. Chapman. It cured both of them. I know of several other cases where it was equally successful. I think it cannot be excelled and cheerfully recommend it." 25 and 50 cent bottles for sale by A. B. Armstrong.

Mr. H. J. Mayers, of Oakland, Md., says: "I have sold thirteen bottles of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy to-day and am literally sold out. This is the largest sale on record of any one preparation in a day over our counters. It gives the best satisfaction of any cough medicine we handle, and as a seller it leads all other preparations on this market." For sale by A. B. Armstrong.

I was a sufferer from catarrh for ten years, with distressing pain over my eyes. I used Ely's Cream Balm with gratifying results. Am apparently cured.—Z. C. Warner, Rutland, Vt.

J. G. Williams receives weekly a fresh line of Wippner's Straw-Berry brand of Hams. Try them.

Notice.

[illegible] Notice is hereby given that I, the undersigned, Freeman B[illegible], administrator of the estate of E. J. Cross, late of the city of Bradford, McKean county, Pa., will sell at public auction at No. 113 Washington street in Bradford city, on the 31st day of August, A. D. 1893, at [illegible] o'clock [illegible] all of the interest of the estate of the said E. J. Cross, deceased, [illegible] in and to the following book accounts, notes, &c.

[illegible]			
[illegible]	1 60	Mare, A	25 41
Aldrich, A	9 40	Hill	11 2
Anderson, H S with	31 30	Hall, F H	10 4
Bing & Chat[illegible]	36 75	Hawthorne	9 1
Bing, H W [illegible]	529 40	Hill, K	13
Bliss, H W [illegible]	4 50	Houghton, Perry	4 5
Booth, Lambert	23 18	Hughes, [illegible]	30 0
Brown, W E	2 74	Hudson, Jas [illegible]	[illegible]
Baker, F	22 00	Johnson, W F	4 5
Broadwater, J	64 97	James, G W	5 [illegible]
[illegible]	9 04	Kimes, B L	[illegible]
Barber, I V	37 02	Kilmer, Jas	11
Bosworth, F M	14 44	Kaiser, D	2 4
Brown, George	3 25	Keller, Geo W judgment	2 45
Bunn, H	14 44	Lawler, Louis, Willard Hote	5 91
Baldwin, Tim	13 11	Lane, W H	2 11
Bennett, H G	81 06	Lewis, W H	11 5
Bailly, Geo L	1 31	Levy, H	2 9
Brown, E F	4 33	[illegible]	24
Bosworth, E D	44 45	Leslie, F	13 48
Briggs, H B	23 00	Lent, F	2 5
Bates, N	12 64	Little, W J	33 7
Bigler, J	22 00	Lindsay, Jas A judgment	24 21
Bryant, E	44 31	McMillan, W	47 31
Brett, D F	4 41	Mellraw, John	11 9
Bishop & Owen	15 40	McDonald, C M & Nancy note	23 1
Burleson, A S	4 10	Morrison, E L	1
Burch, S	11 00	Mundow, C	19 0
Burlingame, J	17 43	McWilliams, Mrs judgment	43 2
Brown, H F	3 06	McKnight, H	144 61
Bartis, D H	12 79	McCaughtry, B T	24 13
Briggs, E E note	119 13	Mussey, E L	2 1
[illegible]	24 00	McGuffey, G	23 41
Bishop & Owen, note	165 00	McFadden, T J	4 4
Bailey, F F col. on note	10 45	McGuirk, Mrs	3 4
Bradford Cit. Mills	115 81	Meath, H	12 40
Bowen, Fred	21 61	Matthews, John	4 40
Beals, J H	13 17	Marvin, Lou, note	100 0
Bradley, L E	3 00	McHenry, Mrs W H judgm't	40 72
Bradley, Geo	6 35	Martin, Bert, judgment	13 20
Curtis, E M	20 00	McDevitt, John judgment	3 40
Cornell, Geo	14 23	Martin, Lou	103 44
Culbertson, G	23 00	Neal, Jim	1 40
Campbell, J O	6 00	Nye, W C	27 30
Clancy, W H	1 13	Nye, W C note	223 79
Chapman, A judgment	22 24	Owens, J D	17 30
Cavanaugh, J	110 60	Gibbs, John	15 00
Colter, J M	16 23	Orr, L W	23 41
Colby, John	57 00	O'Connell, D B	17 48
Campbell, T	23 00	Pier, B A	1 90
Coney, A	4 10	Pensley, A C	3 41
Collins, D A	127 00	Palmer, M	42 4
Cunningham & Jameson	36 00	Pyne, D	16 34
Culbertson, D	6 13	Parks, Alma, note	15 20
Cowling, L	6 57	Russell, C E	24 74
Cusack, James	6 80	Reynolds, Perry	6 13
Camp, F T, bal on note	1,079	Raymond, F A	3 70
Curtis, H M & W H Cook, note	12 50	Rockwood, A B	9 07
Curtis, H M & W H Cook, note	10 00	Rockwood, E F	4 14
Carpenter, Al. bal on note	7 62	Riddell, J E	45 78
Carter, E, note	18 95	Ripley, E	21 3
Cushing, H G	11 34	Rodgers, D note	13 46
Decker, C	11 83	Raymond, F A	3 74
Doty, D W note	143 24	Strickland, S	220 50
Davis, George	6 00	Slater, V	14 09
Dunham, L W	7 10	Salisbury, H B Mrs	94 04
Driscoll, F D	1 30	Sheldon, Wm	2 65
Dunning, W H	7 40	Stewart, W S	3 34
De Puy, J D	14 06	Stanton, E F	3 47
Donnelly, F	45 84	[illegible], Bert	9 79
Dunn, Mrs	1 74	Smith, George	31 33
Dunn, Cal	1 17	Swanson, A	3 42
Dolliver, Ed	4 10	Sunderland, Frank	4 64
Day, Lesley	2 35	Stewart, Wm	30 15
Fairbanks, E H	1 33	Seymour, Mrs	2 27
Frawley, [illegible]	1 65	St. Germain, Louis	7 46
Fish, C	1 40	Simons, H B	4 00
Freeman, [illegible]	15 23	Toomey, Joe	16 05
Freeman, H	1 66	Tyler, L B	13 02
Foster, Jack	1 03	Thompson, E E	117 [illegible]
Flemming, E D note	43 44	Thompson, G W	15 57
Flemming, E D note	10 66	Tipton, Mrs	3 30
Fitzgibbons, Jno	14 97	Trout, George	31 05
Fish, Geo judg't	41 80	Tyler, Moses	13 00
Fuller, Foster	15 56	Thomas, Harry	61 95
Gaylord, C E	11 73	Vosburg, W D	8 30
Geary, Mr	3 66	Vosburg, T	2 03
German, J M	7 30	West, W H	13 60
Gray, John	20 00	Wilcox, Wm	14 21
Gleason, Frank	9 31	Webb, A E	43 67
Gleason, T A	109 97	Walker, R	1 86
Harris, L A	24 82	Wilmore, J M	42 21
Hansen, E A	7 41	Ware, E	15 30
Hartman, R	2 13	Wilbur, M	13 00
Hazard, D	61 30	Wiseman, A	43 80
Hess, W D	41 00	Williams, C W	3 00
Harrington, Jas	25 00	Ware, Albert	6 00
		Wilson, L, judgment	7 03

Also some other accounts not mentioned in this list.

Interesting News From Various Localities Picked up by Our Regular Correspondents.

KANE.

William Turby had business in Warren on Saturday.

Mrs. Robt. Fitzpatrick returned Thursday from Erie.

Mrs. Lewis Fogel, of Erie, is here the guest of friends.

Chas. F. Craven returned from the World's Fair last Thursday.

F. B. McCoy and wife, of Mt. Jewett, were in Kane Monday.

F. J. Collins, of Bradford, was over on business the first of the week.

J. H. Markam says the stringency in drilling is loosening up considerably.

Dr. Armstrong and wife left on Monday for Chicago and the World's Fair.

Master Bertie and Charley Hubbard are visiting at Marvin Creek and Smethport this week.

Miss [illegible] Beatty, of Philadelphia, who has been visiting at John S. Davis' has gone home.

Miss Rose and Ella Mills are visiting at Erie [illegible] and Ripley, N. Y., for several weeks.

Mrs. Byron Campbell, now of Hartsfield, is spending a week here with relatives and friends.

Miss Kate Brossler left on Saturday for Altoona, where she will spend some time with friends.

Rev. [illegible] Pearse of the Baptist church, preached at Mt. Jewett and Hazelhurst on Sunday.

Sheriff Grul[illegible] was visiting around town on Saturday. He was an unwelcome caller now and then.

The Kane Base Ball Club went to Warren on Saturday and defeated the club there by a score of 8 to 7.

Phil. Boggs and Miss Blanche Rose, both of Kane, were married over a month ago, and kept it quiet until now.

The infant child of Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Gilfuly died on Friday, the funeral being private, the Catholic cemetery.

[illegible] made a hurried trip to Bradford on Saturday. He says nothing of a [illegible] nature was connected with it.

[illegible] Ryan came up from Recovery Saturday to spend Sunday with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. [illegible]

Wm. West [illegible] Sargent and Miss Anna DeLong, formerly of Kane, were married at State Line July 20th. Rather sneaking, Willie.

Capt. [illegible] who has been visiting his friends, G. Williams and family for some time, returned to his home in Ledyard, Conn., last week.

[illegible] wife of Commodore J. H. Gillis, died at Alexandria, Va., of heart trouble, Wednesday of last week. The Commodore is a brother of Squire C. V. Gillis.

[illegible] Baker of the Republican was summoned to Buffalo Monday by a telegram announcing the danger[illegible] illness of his brother Charles M., of 435 Jefferson street.

A delegation from here went to a sheep roast at Sheffield Sunday. One returned with the cartilage of his nose broken. Don't know how or where it happened, but he had a sheepish look.

Mrs. Andrews and family have arrived home from an extended visit with relatives in Syracuse. Miss Lizzie Kimlar, her sister, came with the family. One young Kane gent is mostly.

[illegible] W. Campbell and David Howells are back from the World's Fair with their families. They admired everything seen and heard. Their experience with pickpockets is not for publication.

Mrs. Augusta [illegible] sister of Gust Kurman, of Kane, died of consumption Monday morning at Ridgway, aged 30 years. She leaves a husband. Interment Tuesday in the Swedish cemetery at Kane.

Mike Bonatz, who had his leg badly crushed at Kellner station in attempting to board a freight train in motion Wednesday of last week, and was brought to the Woodside hospital where the limb was amputated, is doing well and will recover.

A good deal is being said here about the [illegible] of [illegible] the Democratic ticket. A few have worked themselves into a nervous state. Mike is keeping cool and exercising a great deal of patience, so is his backer the ex-burgess.

The MINER's representative called on Supt. H. A. Wood at the Creamery on Saturday. Mr. Wood stated frankly the trouble. There is very little milk in times like these so that but a small quantity of butter and cheese can be expected until after the meeting of the extra session of Congress.

Mrs. Mary Hays, mother-in-law of E. K. Kane, is visiting friends in Crawford county. Crawford says Kushequa has no charms for her since the terrible fire there Friday night, and like her son-in-law E. K. Kane thinks the loss is a serious one to him when compared with hundreds of men thrown out of employment by the burning of the mill.

[illegible] Swanson, employed by [illegible] W. Campbell & Son at Tally City peeling bark, was instantly killed [illegible] Wednesday. He and his brother felled a tree, which [illegible] the top of one of the lodged tree [illegible] loose from its stump and slid back striking a standing, rotten maple, breaking it at six feet off the top, which struck Otto [illegible] the back of the neck and head killing him. He was twenty years old and had been married only several months. He was buried Thursday [illegible] in the Swedish cemetery at the Smethport road. His young wife was ill at the time of the fatal accident.

MT ALTON.

Mark Hardie Jr. is repairing the school building in this place.

Rev. [illegible] and family spent last week visiting in the Coffey [illegible]

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Hyle, of West Line, visited with friends here last Saturday and Sunday.

Mrs. C. J. Mahone of West Line spent several days here last week, the guest of Mrs. J. V. Yelder.

Miss Nora Tate returned to her home at Kinzua last Saturday accompanied by Mrs. [illegible] Graff and Master Lyron.

Jacob Vedder who has been spending some time at Lakewood for his health, returned last week somewhat better.

W. O. Hilliard will attend the I. O. O. F. association at Eldred next Thursday as representative from Kinzua Lodge No. 442.

The Chemical Works have all received orders to manufacture less material for a time. This will throw quite a number of people out of employment.

Our people spent a good portion of Friday night watching the Kushequa fire. The sky was well illuminated and presented a grand spectacle. It is called the $250,000 conflagration.

Messrs. Wm. and Robt. Ward, of Pittsburg, accompanied by their families, have been visiting at the residence of their sister, Mrs. Geo. F. Beaumont for the past two weeks.

[illegible] A. Fark, a former principal of our schools, who successfully taught here four years, but who is now a resident of Lawrence, Kan., was calling on many of his old friends here last week.

The Italians at Bond Vein had a big row among themselves last Wednesday night. The way the knives and weapons were flourished, it looked at one time as though no one in "Tally Town" would be left to tell the tale, but the trouble subsided after a few were wounded.

Last Friday morning Geo. Newton, of Lafayette, came to our village and reported the startling news that while out searching for his cattle that morning, about two miles down the Tally Ho road, he was attracted to an old house, by a terrible smell that seemed to come from that direction, he went in the building but saw nothing on the ground floor, he then proceeded to ascend the stairs and was horrified to see lying near the head of the stairs, on a quantity of straw, the decomposed remains of a human form. He lost no time in getting to Alton, and word was at once sent to the coroner at Bradford. By afternoon quite a crowd of men had gathered, and in company with the officer from Bradford, and Mr. King of the Poor Farm, who brought over a coffin, they proceeded to the lonely spot. The body had been there so long that it had lost all resemblance to a human body. A shirt was upon it, and the remainder of the clothes lay in a pile near by. After a little time the people concluded they were the remains of a swede man, Charles Agustus Johason, who with his family, had lived in Lafayette sometime, abusive to his family, consequently they lived unhappily, and he was often absent from home week and months at a time, without exciting any suspicion. The clothes were recognized by the family, also a small box and tobacco box found in the pockets. It had been about six weeks since he was home, he then worked a day and a half for Mr. Newton and at night got very drunk, and raised a terrible row at home, struck his wife with a flat iron and finally left. That was the last seen or heard of him till the remains were found, and as to how he committed suicide or whether he died a natural death, is shrouded in mystery. The remains were buried in the Lafayette cemetery.

PORT ALLEGANY.

Business called C. B. Taber to Buffalo last Friday.

J. M. Keeny was in Buffalo last Saturday and Sunday.

Mrs. H. D. Helmer was in Roulette on a visit last Tuesday.

F. P. Dalrymple was in Franklinville on business Thursday.

Miss Katie Dolley is visiting with friends in Olean this week.

Judge Morrison, of Smethport, was in town on business last Monday.

Ex Sheriff Monroe, of Coudersport, was in town a few hours last Monday.

Miss Alice Rowley is visiting friends in Bolivar and Friendship this week.

A beautiful girl baby arrived at the home of Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Bergman, last Saturday.

P. H. Beck and J. H. Williams made a trip to Coudersport on their bicycles last Monday.

M. A. Lillibridge has been making some much needed repairs about his Mill street block this week.

Mr. Louler, superintendent of the Coudersport tannery, visited the tannery in this place last Tuesday.

Mrs. Thomas, of Cumberland, Pa., this state, is visiting with her daughter, Mrs. William Keeny in this place.

Clayton Gallup drove down from Coudersport last Sunday. Mr. Gallup is running a first class livery at that place.

Miss Pauline Larrabee returned home from Suffolk, Va., last Friday. She expects to return about the first of October.

A new iron fence is being built around the borough cemetery this week, and when completed it will add greatly to the attractiveness of the cemetery.

Union services were held in the Methodist church last Sunday evening. Rev. W. J. Alny occupied the pulpit and delivered a very interesting sermon.

The Hoyle residence on Main street, which was recently damaged by fire, has been repaired, and is now ready for an occupant. The property now belongs to F. P. Dalrymple.

The Port Allegany ball nine won another victory last Friday afternoon, the Olean Clippers were their opponents. The score stood ten to eleven, in favor of our boys. This makes three games the boys have won within two weeks.

The officers of the McKean County Agricultural Society, are making an unusual effort to have the fair a success this fall. The admission has been reduced from 50 to 25 cents, and the fair will be more interesting this year than ever before. The grounds have all been cleaned, and the track which is the best in the county, has been placed in the best of order.

PALMERVILLE.

Mrs. H. Palmer, daughter Rose and son Freddie, started for Silver Lake Tuesday morning.

Miss Gertie Weber, Mattie Sherill, Ada Coleman and Jessie Camp drove over here last Wednesday. Victor Sherill and Fred Pickett drove the young ladies over.

Rumor had it that the Palmer & Son mill was about to shut down 60 days. Rumor is out this time. There is lots of logs till snow flies and lots of orders to fill. Everything is booming.

One good result has come of the financial depression now being felt throughout the country. The man who cornered pork and was intending making a fortune out of it, has failed, and is reduced from a millionaire to comparatively poor man. Pork fell from $19 to $10 a barrel in one day. A rich man became poor in one day. Thousands of people who could not afford to buy pork at such a high price can now purchase at a reasonable figure.

A smash up occured on the P. & W. E. R. R., (Palmerville and World's End Railway) on Saturday. The log train started down from the woods heavily laden with long timbers, and on approaching a steep incline, the brakes refused to work, and the car came its own pace down, until nearly to the mill, when it left the track. The driver jumped and conductor followed suit, just before the collapse. No harm being done only to the car, which was a total wreck.

A W. C. T. U. has been organized here. Mrs. I. Stewart of Bradford, was here Wednesday last and helped to lay the foundation stone of what will doubtless prove to be a strong and prosperous union. Mrs. Hiram Palmer, who is president of the union, organized a W. C. T. U. at Birch Grove, where she last resided, and had the honor of being presented at the Convention with the banner, won for the per centage of members obtained by any union during the year, and its very probable that the same banner will be brought to Palmerville at the next Convention.

RIXFORD.

Frank Myers has gone to Venango, county for his vacation.

Daniel Nutting and his daughter Lucy are enjoying the World's Fair.

Frank McElhaney has returned and is at work again in Wright's mill.

Mrs. John Myers left on Wednesday morning to visit friends in Franklin.

Geary Wallace's family are cosily settled in their new home on Main street.

Eugene Brown, who has spent the last five months in Missouri, returned on Monday.

Mrs. F. E. Brown, State Organizer for the L. O. T. M., has instituted a Hive at Rew City.

Perry Brown came over from Bradford on his wheel on Saturday to visit his friends here.

A number of the W. C. T. U. ladies took tea at Mrs. Looker's last Friday with the ladies of the Summit City Union.

Mrs. Singleton and Mrs. Staley, officers of the Duke Centre L. O. T. M., paid Columbia Hive of Rixford a visit last week.

Mrs. Olivar Newton, of Oil City, who has been visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Hanna, returned to her home on Saturday last.

The F. A. U., of Duke Centre, extended an invitation to the the Rixford Union to visit them, which they accepted, and the visiting members report an enjoyable time.

Wanted.

Everybody to know Orphene; Is wonderful for painless extraction of teeth, try it.

Dr. F. C. Pierce, Dentist.

Smethport, Pa.

One word describes it—perfection—We refer to DeWitt's witch hazel Salve, cures obstinate sores, burns, skin diseases and is a well known cure for piles. Sold by A. B. Armstrong.

Arnica and Oil Liniment is very healing and soothing, and does wonders when applied to old sores. For sale by H. C. Wells.

Administrator's Notice.

Letters of administration on the estate of Jeremiah Chadwick having been granted to the undersigned all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims to present the same without delay, to

Rodo Chadwick, Administrator.

Smethport, July 19, 1893.—6w

For Rent.

Farm of 160 acres situated on Cole Creek, Farmers' Valley. Liberal terms to responsible party. Term of years preferred. Rent taken in sheep or potatoes. A good chance for a live man. Address

J. Stoddard, Jr.,
113 Orchard St.,
Elizabeth, N. J.

15-tf

The Edinboro State Normal School

OPENS AUGUST 28, 1893.

No Normal School has better facilities. A large library, beautiful surroundings, a good museum, qualified teachers, enthusiastic students, thorough instruction.

These unexcelled advantages may be had for this fall term for only $60.

Martin G. Benedict, Ph. D.,
Principal.

Aug3-4t

General Blacksmithing,
CARRIAGE AND WAGGON WORK
WATER ST., SMETHPORT, PA.
Having bought out the carriage and wagon making business of John [illegible], I am now prepared to do all work in the above lines.
CARRIAGE PAINTING A SPECIALTY.
Repairing in all its branches promptly done by the aid of competent workmen. I am able to turn out first class work at moderate prices.
Agent for Edmund's Celebrated Heel Expander, a positive cure for contracted feet. A reward of $100 will be paid for any case of contraction that cannot be cured by the use of this contrivance.

BLACKSMITHING!
The subscriber has purchased the blacksmith shop recently occupied by Charles Granger, on Mechanic street, near Gifford's saw-mill, where he is prepared to do first-class blacksmithing, including
HORSESHOEING.
Satisfaction guaranteed. He also manufactures
SLEIGHS.
Lumbering Purposes, with Patent Brake desired
Can Cure All Ordinary Lameness in Horse's Feet and Legs.
CHAS. W. LILGENDAHL.
Smethport, Aug. 8th, 1893.

DRUGS.
Patent Medicines,
Stationery,
Fancy Goods
DRUGGISTS' -:- SUNDRIES.
Prescriptions promptly filled.
H. C. WELLS, - Smethport, Pa.

EMIL THAMM,
Manufacturer of
CIGARS
And Dealer in
CHEWING AND SMOKING TOBACCO
-- PIPES, -- ETC. --
49 MAIN STREET,
SMETHPORT, PA.

Palmer & Church,
Livery, Feed and Sale
STABLES.
Largest, Best Equipped and Most Complete Livery Establishment in McKean county.
Prompt attention to orders by wire.

Central Pharmacy.
FRANK R. FOSTER,
DEALER IN
DRUGS AND MEDICINES,
Fancy Goods,
TOILET ARTICLES, &C.
A FULL LINE OF
BOOKS AND STATIONERY.
Prescriptions Carefully Compounded.
FRANK R. FOSTER,
PHARMACIST
Grand Central Hotel Building, Smethport

GO TO
ROONEY'S MARKET
Wolesale and Retail
—FOR A—
Nice Piece of Meat
Fresh, Salt or Smoked
—FOR—
FRESH & SALT FISH
—AND FOR ALL—
FRUITS AND VEGETABLES.
I will also pay the highest price for
STOCK AND HIDES
CALL AND SATISFY YOURSELF.
Nearly opposite Catholic church. [illegible]
J. F. ROONEY

INSURANCE!
Place your insurance with C. A. Burdick, who represents reliable companies of all kinds.
Fire, Life and Accidental,
Also, sells the best and most durable Sewing Machines in the world,
The Domestic and
The Wheeler & Wilson
Sold for cash or on installments. Call and see us before purchasing elsewhere, at the
REILLY BLOCK,
v26-n29-ly Smethport, Pa.

[illegible] SHOE STORE, OLEAN, N.Y.
$3.06
We will deliver to you, Postage Paid, our Ladies finest Russet Shoes, worth $4.00; quality the very best, you to be satisfied, or goods to be returned.
Mail order sent same day received.
BLOODSWORTH & CO., Olean, N. Y.
(Mention this paper when ordering goods.)

STICKNEY, RITCHIE & CO.
LADIES SPRING WRAPS.
Our stock in this line is complete, we are showing this season, the largest assortment, and the most handsome line of wraps, that have ever been shown in the town. Ladies it will be to your interest to inspect our stock before making your selection for spring; prices moderate.
CARPETS.
In this department we are handling the celebrated Lowell carpets in the latest patterns and new, soft, delicate colors; a very large assortment to select from, prices from 20 c. per yd.
BOOTS AND SHOES.
Our trade in Boots and Shoes this spring has been away ahead of any previous spring, and is still increasing. The reason is, we handle no cheap goods, but try to buy the best makes we can find. Our stock embraces all the new colors for the season, in the Blucher cut Piccadilly toe, as well as several other spring styles, in tans, reds, blacks, and the white evening Oxford tie. See our assortment of Russia Calf Oxfords, something new and stylish. In Gents shoes we have everything that is new for the spring.
DRY GOODS.
Our stock of spring dress goods and wash goods will please you. The Shantong and Grecian Pongee in wash goods are very pretty, a large assortment of styles and colors to select from. Dress Ginghams, Zephyrs, Prints, Cotton Bedfords, Amlines, etc., etc., all new and pretty.
GROCERIES.
Do not forget that our stock is at all times fresh, being replenished daily, we can have nothing but the best to offer you. Fine Creamery Butter always on hand. Flour $1.00, $1.10, $1.30 per sack.
Call at our store, opposite the Court House, and be convinced of our large and carefully selected stock of goods.
A Crayon Portrait Free with every $10.00 purchase.
STICKNEY, RITCHIE & CO.

D. C. YOUNG
Invites your attention to his complete stock of
SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS
Now on exhibition at his store on Main Street.
An elegant line of ladies' fashionable
SPRING WRAPS
in all the leading shades, just received from New York. The low prices will astonish you.
In our dress goods department can be found a finer selection than any previous season. The wash goods are beautiful this spring, and the
DOTTED SWISS MULL
takes the lead here as well as in the cities.
From continued increase in our shoe trade we take it for granted everybody knows where to get the best foot wear at the most reasonable figures. At this season we feel proud to show a finer and much larger assortment of
Ladies', Men's and Children's Shoes
than was ever brought into this market. Our $1.50 ladies fine shoes are unequalled, so our customers say.
OUR . . PRICES
on Carpets, Rugs, Oil Cloths, Mattings, Wall Paper and Shades will interest you.
Don't forget that we always carry a fresh line of Groceries. Try our California fruits.
D. C. YOUNG.
Smethport, Pa., April 11, 1893.

Your Favorite Home Newspaper

— AND —

The Leading Republican Family Paper of the United States,

ONE YEAR FOR ONLY $1.25

McKEAN COUNTY MINER

gives all the news of Town, County and State and as much National news as any other paper of its class.

Your Home would be incomplete without it.

The New York Weekly Tribune

is a NATIONAL FAMILY PAPER, and gives all the general news of the United States and the world. It gives the events of foreign lands in a nutshell. It has separate departments for "THE FAMILY CIRCLE," and "OUR YOUNG FOLKS." The "HOME AND SOCIETY" columns command the admiration of wives and daughters. Its general political news, editorials and discussions are comprehensive, brilliant and exhaustive. Its "AGRICULTURAL" department has no superior in the country. Its "MARKET REPORTS" are recognized authority in all parts of the land.

A SPECIAL CONTRACT enables us to offer this splendid journal and "THE MINER" for one year

For only $1.25, cash in advance

New York Weekly Tribune, regular price per year	$1 00
McKean County Miner,	$1 25
Total	$2 25

WE FURNISH BOTH PAPERS ONE YEAR FOR - $1.25.

Subscriptions may begin at any time

Address all orders to

L. ROGERS & SON,
SMETHPORT, PA.

1893.

EVERYTHING NEW FOR SPRING!

House-cleaning season is almost here and with it our new spring goods. We are better prepared for the occasion than ever. Should you need new

CARPETS

give us a call. We have ingrain from 25 cents per yard up. All wool, 2 ply ingrain at 57½ cents.

We also have a full line of

FURNITURE,
DRAPERIES,
WINDOW SHADES,
WALL PAPER,
OIL CLOTHS,

and in fact a full line of house furnishing goods.

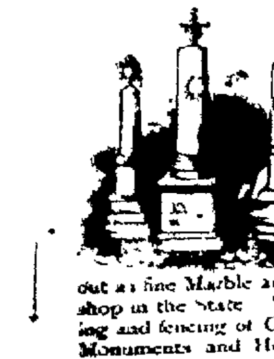
We sell for cash and by so doing can undersell houses that sell on time. We pay the freight on all out of town deals and will deliver and set up all furniture sold in town.

UNDERTAKING

in all its branches a specialty. We shall endeavor to merit your esteemed patronage which we respectfully solicit. Very truly yours,

FURNITURE AND CARPET COMPANY,

Smethport, Pa., March 8, 1893



EXCELSIOR
MARBLE AND GRANITE WORKS.

W. H. PRENTISS & CO., Props.

Our Office and works are now open and having secured the services of one of the best workmen to be found in this section of the country, we are now prepared to get out as fine Marble and Granite and Cemetery work as can be had at any shop in the State. Special attention will be paid to all orders for grading and fencing of Cemetery Lots, Cleaning, Resetting or Lettering of Monuments and Headstones. All orders by mail or otherwise will receive prompt and careful attention. For prices or any other information call at office or address us. Satisfaction guaranteed. Wait for our salesman. Office and Works on Water St., Smethport, Pa.

V. KLAPPENBACH,

MERCHANT -:- TAILOR,

Cor. King and Fulton Sts.,

SMETHPORT, PA.

Keeps an assortment of English and French Goods on hand from which to select. Suits will be made up in the latest and most approved Styles, and cutters.

Satisfaction Guaranteed.

CONFECTIONERY -:- AND -:- FRUITS!

My present stock of fine candies surpasses any heretofore shown in this section, and embraces all the finer as well as cheaper grades. Among the novelties may be mentioned

BON-BON BOXES, FINE CRYSTALIZED FRUITS,

French Mixed in 5-pound Boxes—Very Fine,

Chocolate Creams of all kinds, etc. Also a complete stock of

Foreign and Domestic Fruits, Nuts, Etc.

TOBACCO AND CIGARS

Cigar Holders, Cigar Cases, Cigarette Cases, Matchsafes, in fact everything in the Smokers' line.

GEO. A. BACKUS.

The First Printed Newspaper in the United States.

The first printed newspaper, according to Thorne, authority for the following statistics, was The Gazette, published in Nuremberg, in 1457, and the oldest paper extant is The Neue Zeitung aus Hispanien und Italien, printed in the same city in 1534. Other countries followed Germany in issuing printed newspapers in the following order: England in 1622; France in 1631, Sweden, in 1644, Holland, in 1656, Russia, in 1703, Turkey, in 1827. The first American paper consisted of three pages of two columns each and a blank page and was published in Boston Sept. 25, 1690 under the name of Publick Occurrences, Both Foreign and Domestic, but it was immediately suppressed. In 1704 the Boston News Letter appeared, printed on one sheet of foolscap paper. It flourished for 72 years. The oldest newspaper in the United States is the Weekly Massachusetts Spy published at Worcester Mass. This paper was established at Boston March 3, 1771, by Isaiah Thomas, the historian of American printing. It was removed to Worcester in 1775, where it has been issued continuously ever since.

The total number of newspapers published in the world at present is estimated at about 41,000, distributed as follows: United States, 17,000 Germany 5,500 Great Britain 4,000 France 4,092 Japan 2,000 Italy 1,400 Austria-Hungary, 1,200 Asia exclusive of Japan, 1,000 Spain 850 Russia, 800, Australia, 700 Greece, 600 Switzerland 450 Holland, 300 Belgium 300, all others, 1,000. Of these about half are printed in English. The whole number of periodicals published in the United States in 1887 was 14,400. The whole number of copies printed during the year was 2,597,554,900. The first printing office in the United States was established in 1639 the first political newspaper was published in 1733, the first daily paper in 1784, the first penny paper in 1833 and the first illustrated paper in 1853.

What Is Menthol?

The popularity of the menthol pencil has caused the uninitiated to ask What is menthol? Menthol is a solid crystalline body which separates from oil of peppermint on standing. It has the odor of peppermint, melts at 108 degrees F and evaporates unchanged at a higher temperature. Its use as a local application in neuralgia in China and Japan goes back into the dateless ages. It is not known when or by whom menthol crystals were first brought to the notice of European druggists, but it is said that it was used on the continent at the end of the last century. About 1864 a consignment of it was received in London under the name of Chinese peppermint oil. It was also sold in Paris in the small red labeled Chinese bottles familiar to eastern travelers, as "Po Ho oil." The commercial history of menthol dates from 1879. In four years menthol crystals were the rage of the season and began being carried about in the cone shape now familiar to most persons who are in possession of the modern civilized nervous system.

Who Invented the Steamboat?

It is asserted that facts show that Samuel Morey of Fairlee, Vt., was the first man who ever invented, built and ran a steamboat. There is a vague impression that Morey made some sort of an attempt to run a steamboat on the Connecticut river at Fairlee but it is not generally known that besides his experiments there at his own home he ran a steamboat from Hartford to New Haven and that he built at Borden town, N. J. a larger boat which he ran between that place and Philadelphia. A model of his boat was exhibited in New York city and his invention attracted the attention of Robert Fulton the Livingstons and others who were studying the problem of steam navigation. Fulton indeed made practical application of the invention to commercial use but Morey the Vermonter was the original inventor beyond any question, states a Vermont exchange.

Quotations Found.

"Earth is crammed with heaven, and every common bush afire with God," is from Aurora Leigh by Mrs. Browning.

The line, "Gone" and the light of all my life gone with her, is to be found in Longfellow's "Golden Legend." The words are supposed to be spoken by Prince Henry when the heroine Elsie is about to sacrifice her life for his sake.

"The only way to get rid of your past is to get a future out of it" is a quotation from a sermon by the late Phillips Brooks.

Tennyson was the author of these lines.

Let there be thistles, there are grapes;
If old things, there are new;
Ten thousand broken lights and shapes,
Yet glimpses of the true.

A Custom in Spain.

A correspondent from Spain calls attention to the fact that the custom of having no seats or pews in church still continues in Spain. Each person has a rush bottom or some sort of primitive chair called in Spanish a reclinatorio. The name of the owner is painted on the back and all the chairs are kept in the sacristy or stacked in a corner of the church. Most houses of families send their servants on Saturday evening to arrange the chairs for Sunday morning.

Trademarks.

There are reasons for believing that trademarks are as old as the industry of mankind. We are told that ancient Babylon had property symbols and the Chinese claim to have had trademarks 1,000 years before Christ. Gutenberg the inventor of printing, had a lawsuit about a trademark and won it as early as 1460. The English parliament has authorized trademarks for many years past, and the laws of America have also protected them.

Johnny Reb.

Johnny Reb, the sobriquet given by the soldiers of the Union army to Confederates during the late war of the rebellion is said to have originated in a colloquy between pickets. The Confederate soldier objected to being dubbed by the Union soldier as a Johnny Bull in allusion to the countenance given by Great Britain to the cause of the seceding states, but subsidized to Johnny Reb without protest.

Kismet.

"Kismet," or kismat is an oriental word taken into the fold of the English language. It is a variation of the Turkish quismet and the Hindoo and Persian quismat and dates back to the Aryan quisma. It means "lot in life" or "destiny" or "fate" and is one of the most significant and romantic words in literature.

Distressing Kidney and Bladder diseases relieved in six hours by the "New Great South American Kidney Cure." This new remedy is a great surprise and delight to physicians on account of its exceeding promptness in relieving pain in the bladder, kidneys, back and every part of the urinary passages in male or female. It relieves retention of water and pain in passing it almost immediately. If you want quick relief and cure this is your remedy. Sold by A. B. Armstrong, Druggist, Smethport, Pa.

Torpid livers, the cause of numerous other ailments, are made healthy and vigorous by the use of Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills.

A common cold should not be neglected. Downs' Elixir will cure it. For sale by H. C. Wells.

CANN'S KIDNEY CURE

Cures Bright's Disease, Dropsy, Gravel, Nervousness, Heart, Urinary or Liver Diseases. Known by a tired, languid feeling; inaction of the kidneys weakens and poisons the blood, and unless cause is removed you cannot have health. Cured me over five years ago of Bright's Disease and Dropsy.—MRS. L. L. C. MILLER, Bethlehem, Pa. 1,000 other similar testimonials. Try it. Cure guaranteed. CANN'S KIDNEY CURE CO., 720 Vine St., Philadelphia, Pa.

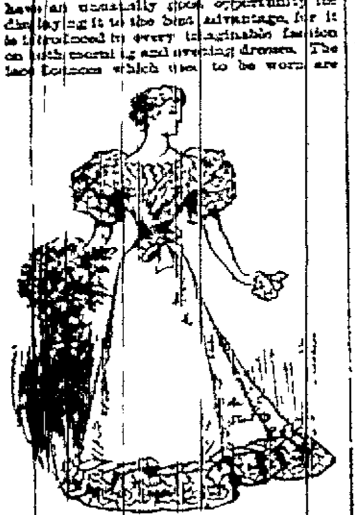
Sold by All Reliable Druggists.

Chamberlain's Eye and Skin Ointment.

A certain cure for Chronic Sore Eyes, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Old Chronic Sores, Fever Sores, Eczema, Itch, Prairie Scratches, Sore Nipples and Piles. It is cooling and soothing. Hundreds of cases have been cured by it after all other treatment had failed. It is put up in 25 and 50 cent boxes.

Lace Arrangements.

Those women who have old lace by them, or indeed lace of any kind, black or white, have an unusually good opportunity for displaying it to the best advantage, for it is introduced in every imaginable fashion on both morning and evening dresses. The lace flounces which used to be worn are



LACE TRIMMED EVENING DRESS.

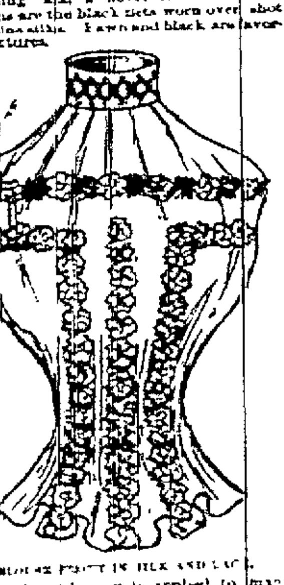
now placed at the edge of the skirts, often festooned with ribbon bows, they also are introduced round the hips, while triple flounces are made to cover the entire skirt. Almost any shaped piece of lace appears to be adapted to the shoulders and to the capes, which are of every form but mostly surround the yokes or taper from the waist over the shoulders. It is certainly newer to have a detached cape covering the shoulders only and then it should reach to the elbow.

Our first cut shows an exquisite evening dress of pink satin trimmed with lace, bordered by a rouleau of ribbon and roses. Lace edges cross the front, falling in a triple frill over the sleeve. Many black satin trimmed with white lace are accompanied by bows and bouquets of transparent guipure trimmed with it.

No colors are now so vivid as the yellows of various tints, from faintest primrose to the deepest orange and bright yellow shot with browns. In the second cut is shown a very pretty arrangement of silk and lace for wearing under an open jacket. It is of light lemon color trimmed with black lace and merely covers the front, being turned under beneath the waist. Blouse fronts and bodices add very desirable variety in a limited wardrobe.

Movable yokes for several dresses with a frill at the edge, so that they can be tacked over the bodice, form most effective and convenient arrangements.

There are many white and black striped gowns, black gowns with white guipure trimming and a novel feature in the fashions are the black nets worn over shot or shining silks. Fawn and black are favorite mixtures.



BLOUSE FRONT IN SILK AND LACE.

Accordion plaiting is applied to many black chiffons worn over light-green satin, light blue, pink and other tones, and for tea-gowns. It has this advantage that [illegible] which are [illegible] themselves [illegible] perfectly fresh grain [illegible] and improved aspect.

[illegible] Felt coats.

[illegible]

Fashion Notes.

The very newest form of skirt trimming consists of frills round the hips.

A revival of the long mousquetaire gloves for afternoon wear is still to be threatened.

Emerald green and rose color are the favorite combination in Paris at the present moment. There is a new and effective kind of coarse net in black or color which is made up over a contrasting silk. In black it looks remarkably well over vieux rose or pure white.

A novel veil is of accordion plaited black net or gauze.

Nothing looks more ladylike than white serge, and the girls one sees wearing it give one the impression that they feel the heat less than other folks. A charming costume of this material was made in the plain skirt and coat fashion and worn with a cream over waistcoat of white silk.

White duck dresses made simply with plain skirts and open jackets look delightfully cool and easy. They are usually worn with colored silk shirts.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores and skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Frank R. Foster Druggist.

$25,000 in Premiums.

Offered by Liggett & Myers Tobacco Co. of St. Louis Mo. The one guessing nearest the number of people who will attend the World's Fair gets $5,000 00, the second $1,500 00, etc. The Star tobacco tags entitle you to a guess. Ask your dealer for particulars or send for circular.

Ignorance of the merits of DeWitt's Little Early Risers is a misfortune. These little pills regulate the liver, cure headache, dyspepsia, bad breath, constipation, and biliousness. Sold by A. B. Armstrong.

RHEUMATISM CURED IN A DAY.—"Mystic Cure" for Rheumatism and Neuralgia radically cures in 1 to 3 days. Its action upon the system is remarkable and mysterious. It removes at once the cause and the disease immediately disappears. The first dose greatly benefits, 75 cents. Sold by A. B. Armstrong Druggist, Smethport.

All that honesty skill and experience can do to produce a perfect pill, has been employed in making DeWitt's Little Early Risers. The result is a specific for sick headache, biliousness and constipation. Sold by A. B. Armstrong.

Itch on human and horses and all animals cured in 30 minutes by Woolford's Sanitary Lotion. This never fails. Sold by A. B. Armstrong Druggist, Smethport Pa.

For Several Popular Articles.

Fine linen cloths for 5 o'clock tea tables are decorated with exact reproductions of portions of the designs on tea services, the colors used in working them matching those on the china.

Three cornered cushions to hang on the backs of chairs are embroidered in floral patterns and finished with a frill of silk.

A beautiful bedspread is of the white jean with artistically drawn design of wild roses. A pretty effect is afforded by pierced holes for centers of bunches of daisies on a nightdress case of white linen.

Yacht quilts and large square cushions and blotter covers of house flannel are worked boldly in shades of blue crewels.

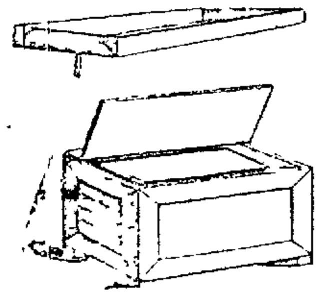
There is a fancy at present for colored linen worked in silks or flax thread and adopted as photo frames, blotters and cushions covering [illegible] sideboard and tea cloths. A blotter worked with white roses and deep green leaves of sprays of white jasmine on orange linen, frames of a peculiar gray blue with sprays of mimosa or the wattle blossom, quilts of light brown linen with a good bold design in yellow, workbags or cushions in a pink shade with a design in cream are all effective combinations.

Some of the fashionable worked cushions of today have the entire cover of velvet, velveteen or pongee silk with the worked square for the front laced on by a silk cord passed in and out of the eyelet holes and attached to the cushion. The eyelet holes are placed near the edge at distances. This is often done with oriental embroideries.

A Homemade Refrigerator.

An ice chest constructed at an actual outlay of a few cents and which did good work, both in its economical use of ice and in its preservation of food, is described and illustrated in The Country Gentleman.

Two dry goods packing cases were secured one considerably smaller than the other. The size of the inner box will represent the capacity of the ice chest; it is to be remembered when choosing a box for this



ICE CHEST WITH TRAY.

purpose, while the outer box should afford a space three or four inches all around the the box to be fitted within. It should also afford two inches of space between the bottom of the inner box and its own and two inches also between the cover of the inner box and its [illegible]. All these surrounding spaces, except [illegible] are to be filled with dry sawdust. The interior of the inner [illegible] should be painted white, [illegible] and wood butter and some [illegible] may have a [illegible].

So far [illegible] cost but a trifle [illegible] a little for a [illegible] into the [illegible] with a [illegible] through the [illegible] all water [illegible]. This [illegible] can be made [illegible] sheet iron [illegible] which [illegible] well painted both [illegible] to prevent rusting.

[illegible] on the inside of the inner box and [illegible] slats inserted one above the other with a chance of one such shelf [illegible] over the ice as it rests in one end of the box. A thick cloth cover kept well drawn over the top of the outer box will help to keep the ice from rapid melting.

Novelties in Silver and Glass.

Ice pails [illegible] have the favor to broken [illegible] and are banded with two [illegible] ice pails have raised bands of [illegible] dull metal.

Punch shakers are in dull metal and with no ornamentation.

The latest ginger ale receivers are leaf shaped in frosted metal.

The large [illegible] intended for rooms have [illegible] bits of cornelian and transparent [illegible].

[illegible] candlesticks with [illegible]

[illegible] have silver handles [illegible] Jewels [illegible]

Frozen Cherries and Cherry Pancakes.

Sweeten [illegible] cherries with the [illegible] then stand [illegible] stir them till [illegible] quart [illegible] water and [illegible] berries are used [illegible] with a little water [illegible] white [illegible] strain off the juice [illegible] two pancakes [illegible] sugar [illegible] over.

Blackberry Cordial.

Use only the ripest berries. To 2 quarts of fruit put a quart of whisky and let it stand 24 hours then bruise and strain through flannel. To every quart of liquor allow a quarter pound of loaf sugar, a ounce of well bruised ginger and the rind of half a lemon. Let it stand five days then strain and bottle. Seal the corks.

Tomato Toast.

Cook two tiny onions with four large tomatoes. Let stand to settle for five minutes then replace the juice with a generous half cupful of sweet cream. Add a bit of butter, pepper and salt. Pour while hot over golden brown slices of well buttered toast and serve without delay.

Lemon Custard Pie.

Grate the rind of a lemon and squeeze the juice in a cupful of sugar and a tablespoonful of flour mixed together. Beat to a froth the yolks of 3 eggs and stir into them a cupful of new milk, then mix in the sugar flour and juice and bake in a plate lined with paste.

Raspberry Cream.

Put 6 ounces of raspberry jam to a quart of cream, pulp it through a lawn sieve, add to it the juice of a lemon and a little sugar, and whisk it till thick. Serve it in a dish or glasses.

Grand Low Rate Excursion to the Thousand Islands.

Last of the season. The W. N. Y. & P. R. R. announces a grand low rate excursion to the Thousand Islands and down the St. Lawrence [illegible] port, Thursday [illegible]. The low rate of [illegible] round trip. Tickets [illegible] for ten days. [illegible] W. N. Y. & P. R. R. to [illegible] via the N. Y. C. & H. R. R. R. to [illegible] cuse, thence via R. W. & O. R. R. to Clayton, and steamer from Clayton to Alexandria Bay, which is the grand centre of the Thousand Island District. Party will arrive at Alexandria Bay Friday morning in time for breakfast, from which point innumerable cheap excursions can be taken among the Islands. Special hotel rates have been secured for the party at all the best hotels, from $1 50 per day up, good cottage board can be had at $1 00 per day. Special sleeping car and day coaches will be provided for the party, sleeping cars will be put on at Rochester to accommodate those who wish them. Berths should be secured in advance to insure space.

Call on W. N. Y. & P. R. R. agents or write Mr. S. B. Newton, Excursion Agent, Buffalo, for sleeping car berths or further information at as early date as possible.

These excursions have grown in popularity each year and are considered a select party. Mr. Newton accompanies the party through to the Islands, and arranges all details for those who wish.

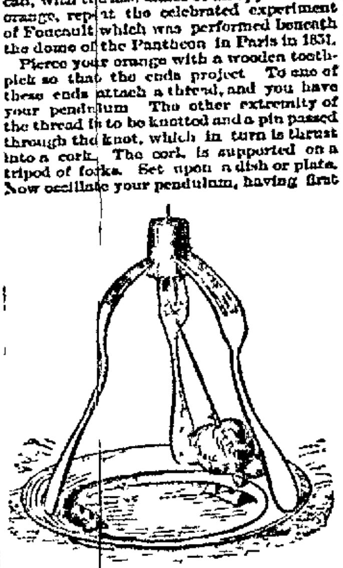
Do not miss this grand low-rate excursion to one of America's grandest summer resorts.

DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve cures piles
DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve cures burns
DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve cures sores
DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve cures ulcers.
Sold by A. A. Armstrong.

Pianos or Oscillation of [illegible]

When the table is cleared for dessert, you can, with the assistance of an apple or even orange, repeat the celebrated experiment of Foucault which was performed beneath the dome of the Pantheon in Paris in 1851.

Pierce your orange with a wooden toothpick so that the ends project. To one of these ends attach a thread, and you have your pendulum. The other extremity of the thread is to be knotted and a pin passed through the knot, which in turn is thrust into a cork. The cork is supported on a tripod of forks. Set upon a dish or plate. Now oscillate your pendulum, having first



IMITATION OF THE FRENCH PHILOSOPHER'S PENDULUM.

regulated the length of the thread in such a way that the lower end of the toothpick nearly touches the base of the plate and therefore leaves its mark in the little heaps of powdered sugar at either side, which are intended to represent Foucault's circles of sand disposed about the point of the pendulum.

The plate represents the earth. As long as the plate remains in one position your pendulum will strike the sugar at the same point and plow a single furrow. If now, to imitate the rotation of the earth, we slowly turn the plate upon its axis without interfering with the pendulum (of course the forks and cork will follow the plate), we shall observe that the direction of the pendulum is not in the least changed but that as the plate turns and in proportion as it turns a new furrow is cut every time by the toothpick in the sugar.

In quite a simple practicable manner, then, we have demonstrated the invariability of the plane of oscillation of the pendulum which is the principle that guided the well known experiment on a gigantic scale of the French philosopher Foucault.

Artificial Silk From Wood.

Two methods have become known of late in France for manufacturing silk from wood, that of Chardonnet and another of Du Vivier, both of which in reality are based upon the same contrivances. If one pours nitric and sulphuric acid not particularly concentrated and in a limited quantity, upon cotton consisting of cellulose (woody substance), one receives a kind of weak gun cotton that placed into a mixture of ether and alcohol becomes a mucous mass known as collodion. Exposed to the air this mass becomes solid again by volatilization of the ether and the alcohol. The two French chemists named prepare of wood a mass similar to collodion that placed in water becomes solid nearly instantaneously. From this mass under water threads are spun that are called artificial silk. But says the New York Herald, it is a well known fact that artificial products always are inferior to natural products. This is also the case with the artificial silk just described. It is glossy, it is true, but it differs in some degree from natural or genuine silk, particularly by its combustibility. It burns with a brighter flame than silk proper, wool or even cotton.

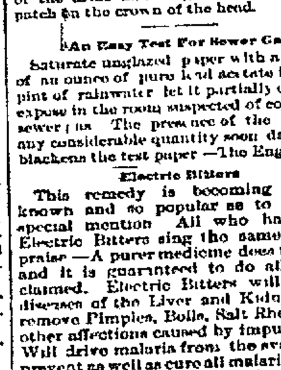
Smokeless Powders.

Smokeless powders The Times-Democrat assures its readers are not absolutely but only comparatively smokeless. Ignition or explosion is always attended with a faint bluish puff but it is so slight and so evanescent that it can only be seen at a short distance and almost immediately disappears.

The United States navy department has invented and uses a smokeless powder of its own known as the navy M N compound. Like the English cordite, it is of twisted macaroni form and possesses great stability, changes of temperature, even violent ones, scarcely affecting it perceptibly. It is also perfectly safe to handle. Its chief drawback being that its ballistic strength is not as great as that of some European powders.

One of the Manlike Apes.

A rare and interesting animal to the naturalist is the Bornean gibbon, a native of the great island of Borneo in the East Indian archipelago.



A BORNEAN GIBBON.

The gibbons are associated with the anthropoid or manlike apes from the fact that they are tailless, frequently walk erect for a considerable distance and from other affinities in structural detail. They are extremely delicate and easily tamed and show much attachment to their keepers. The color of the Bornean gibbons is ashy gray throughout except on the chest, the insides of the arms and thighs and a triangular patch on the crown of the head.

An Easy Test For Sewer Gas.

Saturate unglazed paper with a solution of an ounce of pure lead acetate in half a pint of rainwater, let it partially dry, then expose in the room suspected of containing sewer gas. The presence of the latter in any considerable quantity soon darkens or blackens the test paper.—The Engineer.

Electric Bitters.

This remedy is becoming so well known and so popular as to need no special mention. All who have used Electric Bitters sing the same song of praise.—A purer medicine does not exist and it is guaranteed to do all that is claimed. Electric Bitters will cure all diseases of the Liver and Kidneys, will remove Pimples, Boils, Salt Rheum, and other affections caused by impure blood. Will drive malaria from the system and prevent as well as cure all malarial fevers. For cure of headache, constipation and indigestion try Electric Bitters.—Entire satisfaction guaranteed, or money refunded.—Price 50 cts. and $1 00 per bottle at F. R. Foster's and A. B. Armstrong's Drug Store.

English Spavin Liniment removes all hard, soft or calloused lumps and blemishes from horses, blood spavins, curbs, splints, sweeney, ring-bone stifles, all swollen throats, coughs, etc. Save $50 by use of one bottle. Warranted the most wonderful blemish cure ever known. Sold by A. B. Armstrong Druggist, Smethport Pa.

It is a truth in medicine that the smallest dose that performs a cure is the best. DeWitt's Little Risers are the smallest pill that will perform a cure, and are the best. For sale by A. B. Armstrong.

Sensitive people can purchase Humphreys' Specifics by simply asking the druggist for the needed number alone, without disclosing or mentioning the disease for which it is a cure.

All the talk in the world will not convince you one half as quickly as one trial of DeWitt's witch hazel salve for scalds, burns, bruises, skin affections and piles. Sold by A. B. Armstrong.

AND

SAVE THE TAGS.

One Hundred and Seventy-Three Thousand Two Hundred and Fifty Dollars,

$173,250.00

In valuable Presents to be Given Away in Return for

SPEAR HEAD TAGS.

1,155	STEM WINDING ELGIN GOLD WATCHES	$[illegible] 00
5,775	FINE IMPORTED FRENCH OPERA GLASSES, MOROCCO BODY, BLACK ENAMEL TRIMMINGS, GUARANTEED ACHROMATIC	[illegible] 00
23,100	IMPORTED GERMAN BUCKHORN HANDLE, FOUR BLADED POCKET KNIVES	[illegible] 00
115,500	ROLLED GOLD WATCH CHARM ROTARY TELESCOPE TOOTH PICKS	[illegible] 00
115,500	LARGE PICTURES (14x28 inches) IN ELEVEN COLORS, for framing, no advertising on them	[illegible] 00
261,030	PRIZES, AMOUNTING TO	$173,250 00

The above articles will be distributed, by counties, among parties who chew SPEAR HEAD Plug Tobacco, and return to us the TIN TAGS taken therefrom.

We will distribute 226 of these prizes in this county as follows:

To THE PARTY sending us the greatest number of SPEAR HEAD TAGS from this county we will give .... 1 GOLD WATCH.

To the FIVE PARTIES sending us the next greatest number of SPEAR HEAD TAGS, we will give to each, 1 OPERA GLASS .... 5 OPERA GLASSES.

To the TWENTY PARTIES sending us the next greatest number of SPEAR HEAD TAGS, we will give to each 1 POCKET KNIFE .... 20 POCKET KNIVES.

To the ONE HUNDRED PARTIES sending us the next greatest number of SPEAR HEAD TAGS, we will give to each 1 ROLLED GOLD WATCH CHARM TOOTH PICK .... 100 TOOTH PICKS.

To the ONE HUNDRED PARTIES sending us the next greatest number of SPEAR HEAD TAGS, we will give to each 1 LARGE PICTURE IN ELEVEN COLORS .... 100 PICTURES.

Total Number of Prizes for this County, 226.

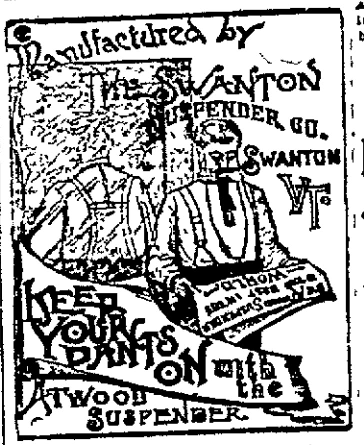
CAUTION.—No Tags will be received before January 1st, 1894, nor after February 1st, 1894. Each package containing tags must be marked plainly with Name of Sender, Town, County, State, and Number of Tags in each package. All charges on packages must be prepaid.

READ.—SPEAR HEAD possesses more qualities of intrinsic value than any other plug tobacco produced. It is the sweetest, the toughest, the richest. SPEAR HEAD is absolutely, positively and distinctively different in flavor from any other plug tobacco. A trial will convince the most skeptical of this fact. It is the largest seller of any similar shape and style on earth, which proves that it has caught the popular taste and pleases the people. Try it, and participate in the contest for prizes. See that a TIN TAG is on every 10 cent piece of SPEAR HEAD you buy. Send in the tags, no matter how small the quantity.

Very sincerely,
THE P. J. SORG COMPANY, MIDDLETOWN, OHIO.

A list of the people obtaining these prizes in this county will be published in this paper immediately after February 1st, 1894.

DON'T SEND ANY TAGS BEFORE JANUARY 1, 1894.



Manufactured by
The Swanton Suspender Co.
Swanton Vt.
Keep Your Pants On with the Atwood Suspender.

BROWNELL BROS,

SMETHPORT, PA.,

Announce to the people of Smethport and vicinity that their stock is now complete and embraces many

Novelties in Every Department,

Designed for the

EVERY-DAY-TRADE.

OUR EPICUREAN DEPARTMENT is supplied with all the leading brands of Canned and Bottled Good, including fruits, vegetables, meats soups, etc.

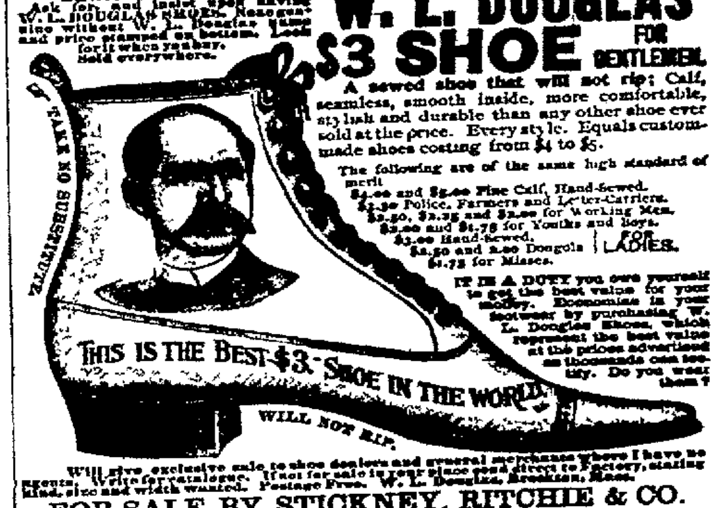
OUR DRY GOODS DEPARTMENT embraces all the latest fabrics in Dress Goods, White Goods, Table Linens, Damasks, &c.

OUR SHOE DEPARTMENT can not be beat. Fine Shoes for Ladies, Misses' and Children's wear. Also Men's Youths' and Boys' Boots and Shoes of every description.

We have also in stock a full line of Hats and Caps, Gents' Furnishing Goods, Gloves and Mittens.

We are sole agents of the above Suspenders.

Groceries and Provisions and the Best Brands of Flour in the Market.



Take no substitute
This is the Best $3 Shoe in the World.
Will not rip.

BEWARE OF FRAUD. Ask for and insist upon having W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES. None genuine without W. L. Douglas name and price stamped on bottom. Look for it when you buy. Sold everywhere.

W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE FOR GENTLEMEN.

A sewed shoe that will not rip; Calf, seamless, smooth inside, more comfortable, stylish and durable than any other shoe ever sold at the price. Every style. Equals custom-made shoes costing from $4 to $5.

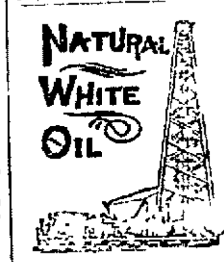
The following are of the same high standard of merit:

$4.00 and $5.00 Fine Calf, Hand-Sewed.
$3.50 Police, Farmers and Letter-Carriers.
$2.50, $2.25 and $2.00 for Working Men.
$2.00 and $1.75 for Youths and Boys.
$3.00 Hand-Sewed, FOR LADIES.
$2.50 and 2.00 Dongola
$1.75 for Misses.

IT IS A DUTY you owe yourself to get the best value for your money. Economize in your footwear by purchasing W. L. Douglas Shoes, which represent the best value at the prices advertised as thousands can testify. Do you wear them?

Will give exclusive sale to shoe dealers and general merchants where I have no agents. Write for catalogue. If not for sale in your place send direct to Factory, stating kind, size and width wanted. Postage Free. W. L. Douglas, Brockton, Mass.

FOR SALE BY STICKNEY, RITCHIE & CO.



NATURAL WHITE OIL Will positively grow hair on a bald head. It's nature's true hair grower, discovered 1875 feet under the earth's surface. The only Natural Oil in the world. No poisonous drugs, purely a mineral product. Grows mustache and whiskers. Cures Dandruff permanently, stops hair falling out. It is readily absorbed and its use will leave no greasy after-effect. Satisfaction guaranteed. Sold by all druggists. 50 cents per bottle, two bottles direct, prepaid, on receipt of price. Put on the [illegible] by the WHITE ROCK OIL CO., Toledo, O.

For sale by F. R. FOSTER.

FAT PEOPLE

To reduce your weight SURELY use Willard's Obesity Pills and lose 15 pounds a month. No injury to the health. No interference with business or pleasure. NO STARVING. They build up and improve the general health, beautify the complexion and leave NO WRINKLES. Lucy Anderson, 44 Auburn St., Cambridge, Mass., writes: Three bottles of your Obesity Pills reduced my weight from 225 pounds to 190 and I never felt better in all my life. I am much pleased with the result and shall do all I can to help you. Our patrons include Physicians, Bankers, Lawyers, and leaders of Society. Our goods are not sold in drug stores, all orders are supplied direct from our office. Price per package $2.00 or three packages for $5.00 by mail prepaid. Particulars (sealed) 4cts. ALL CORRESPONDENCE CONFIDENTIAL.

WILLARD REMEDY CO., BOSTON, MASS.

Scientific American Agency for

PATENTS

CAVEATS, TRADE MARKS, DESIGN PATENTS, COPYRIGHTS, etc.

For information and free Handbook write to MUNN & CO., 361 BROADWAY, NEW YORK. Oldest bureau for securing patents in America. Every patent taken out by us is brought before the public by a notice given free of charge in the

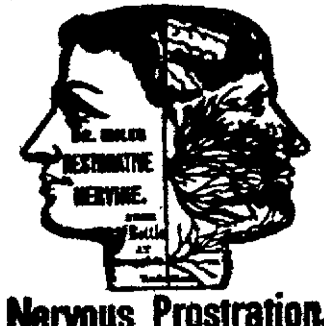
Scientific American

Largest circulation of any scientific paper in the world. Splendidly illustrated. No intelligent man should be without it. Weekly, $3.00 a year; $1.50 six months. Address MUNN & CO., PUBLISHERS, 361 Broadway, New York.

FRAZER AXLE GREASE

BEST IN THE WORLD.

[illegible]



Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine.

Nervous Prostration,

Sleeplessness, Sick and Nervous Headache, Backache, Dizziness, Morbid Fears, Hot Flashes, Nervous Dyspepsia, Dullness, Confusion, Hysteria, Fits, St. Vitus' Dance, Opium Habit, Drunkenness, etc., are cured by Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine. It does not contain opiates. Mrs. Sophia C. Brownlee, DeLand, Fla., suffered with Epilepsy for 35 years and testifies to a complete cure. Jacob Petry, Ella, Oregon, had been suffering with Nervous Prostration for four years, could not sleep, nothing helped him until he used Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine, he is now well. Fine books Free at druggists. Dr. Miles' Nerve and Liver Pills, 50 doses for 25 cents are the best remedy for Biliousness, Torpid Liver, etc., etc. Dr. Miles' Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

TRIAL BOTTLE FREE.

INSURANCE

Life, Fire and Accident written by

W. F. SPECHT,

SMETHPORT, PA.

In good, reliable companies.

---

with Silver Division for Allegany, Salamanca, Oil City and Pittsburg.

For Clermont, Johnsonburg, and points south,

CLERMONT MAIL .... 7.13 A. M.
CLERMONT ACCOMMOD'N .... 12.30 P. M.
LOCAL .... 7.40 P. M.

Clermont Mail connects through to Johnsonburgh.

Get Time Tables giving full information from A. K. WORMER, Ticket Agent,

R. Bell, General Sup't,
J. A. FELLOWS, Gen. Pass'r. & T'k. Ag't,
Buffalo, N. Y.

Bradford, Bordell and Kinzua R. R. Co.

Direct line between Bradford, Kane and the Allegheny oil field.

TIME TABLE IN EFFECT MAY [illegible]

WESTWARD.		STATIONS.	EASTWARD
7 43	9 25	Lv Bradford Ar	7 30
7 05	8 57	Kinzua Junct'n	8 [illegible]
6 [illegible]	8 40	Alton	8 12
6 [illegible]	8 30	Davis	8 22
6 30	8 15	Simpson	8 31
6 [illegible]	8 17	Ormsby	8 46
5 45	7 57	Smethport	9 14
5 25	7 30	Mt. Jewett	9 [illegible]
5 10	6 55	Kane	10 15
4 45		Carlton	10 [illegible]
4 35		Spring Creek	11 04
4 11		Sheffield J.	11 [illegible]
4 05		Watson	11 [illegible]
3 30		Marienville	12 [illegible]
1 00		Clarion	2 [illegible]
12 15		Foxburg	3 07
11 40		Parker	4 00
11 10		Petrolia	4 [illegible]
11 05		Karns	4 [illegible]
10 40		Millerstown	4 [illegible]
10 05		Butler	[illegible]
8 15		Wildwood	[illegible]
7 30		Allegheny	[illegible]

JNO. C. [illegible], Superintendent.

Buffalo, Rochester & Pittsburgh Railway

THE SHORT LINE

Between, Buffalo, Rochester, Salamanca, Bradford, Ridgway, DuBois, Punxsutawney and the Coal and Lumber Regions of Pennsylvania.

On and after June 4, 1893, passenger trains will leave Bradford and Mt. Jewett, daily except Sunday, as follows:

LEAVE BRADFORD—EAST BOUND

8.00 a. m.—Buffalo & Rochester Express—For Salamanca, Ellicottville, Springville, Colden, Buffalo, Machias, Gainesville, Silver Springs, Warsaw, LeRoy and Rochester.

3.00 p. m.—Mail—For Salamanca, Ellicottville, Springville, Colden, Buffalo, Machias, Gainesville, Silver Springs, Warsaw, LeRoy, and Rochester.

2.40 p. m.—Buffalo Express—Sundays only. For Limestone, Carrollton, Salamanca, Ellicottville, Springville, Colden and Buffalo.

LEAVE MT. JEWETT—SOUTH-BOUND

4.00 a. m.—Accommodation—For Johnsonburg, Ridgway, Brockwayville, DuBois and Punxsutawney.

2.15 p. m.—Mail—For Johnsonburg, Ridgway, Brockwayville, DuBois and Punxsutawney.

6.30 p. m.—Accommodation—For Johnsonburg, Ridgway, Brockwayville, DuBois and Punxsutawney.

Thousand Mile Tickets, good for passage between all stations, at two cents per mile.

For time tables and full information call on or address any of the Company's agents, or

D. LUNDERGAN, Agent Bradford Pa.
EDWARD C. LAPEY
J. H. BARRETT, Gen'l Passenger Agent,
Gen'l Superintendent, Rochester N. Y.
Bradford, Pa.

COUDERSPORT & PORT ALLEGANY Railroad Time Table, takes effect Monday, July 3, 1893.

AR. EAST'W'D.			STATIONS.	LV. WEST'W'D.		
A. M.	P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
11 00	4 46	1.25	Coudersport	8.30	1.[illegible]	5.[illegible]
10.50	5.01	1.01	Pine Creek Jc	8.[illegible]	1.[illegible]	5.[illegible]
10.37	7.50	12.50	Hammond	8.[illegible]	1.[illegible]	5.[illegible]
10.31	7.41	12.35	Fish Basket	[illegible]		[illegible]
10.47	7.34	12.29	Olmsted	8.20	[illegible]	[illegible]
10.41	7.20	12.17	Mina	8.24	[illegible]	[illegible]
10 22	7 44	12.40	Knowlton	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
10 27	7.40	12.26	Roulette	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
10.14	7.32	12.25	Burtville	8.25	[illegible]	[illegible]
10.06	7.25	12.16	Oneiman	9.02	[illegible]	[illegible]
10.00	7.20	12.11	Port Allegany	9.05	[illegible]	[illegible]

PINE CREEK DIVISION

1 05 p m	6.15 a m	Coudersport	a m [illegible]
1.11	6.18	Pine Creek Junction	[illegible]
1 17	6.25	Fair Grounds	[illegible]
1 20	6.27	Ladona	[illegible]
1.25	6.35	Sweden Valley	[illegible]

Trains run on eastern standard time.

B. A. McCLURE, Sup't.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD

PHILADELPHIA & ERIE DIVISION TIME TABLE. In effect May 21 1893.

TRAINS LEAVE EMPORIUM JUNCTION EASTWARD.

6:25 a. m.—Train 8, daily except Sunday, for Sunbury, Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 6.23 p. m., New York 9.25 p. m., Baltimore 6.45 p. m. Washington, 8.15 p. m. Pullman Parlor car through from Williamsport and passenger coaches from Kane to Philadelphia.

3:00 p. m.—Train 6, daily except Sunday for Harrisburg and intermediate stations arriving at Philadelphia 4:30 a. m., New York 7.30 a. m., Pullman sleeping cars from Harrisburg to Philadelphia and New York. Philadelphia passengers can remain in sleeper undisturbed until 7:00 a. m.

9:25 p. m.—Train 4, daily for Sunbury, Harrisburg and intermediate stations arriving at Philadelphia 6:50 a. m., New York 9.33 a. m. Baltimore 6:20 a. m. Washington, 7.40 a. m. Pullman sleeping cars from Erie and Williamsport to Philadelphia and passenger cars from Erie to Philadelphia. Passengers in sleeper for Baltimore and Washington will be transferred into Washington sleeper at Harrisburg.

WESTWARD.

5 15 a. m.—Train 1, daily except Sunday for Ridgway, DuBois Clermont and intermediate stations, leaves Ridgway 3:00 p. m. for Erie.

10:20 a. m.—Train 3, daily for Erie and intermediate stations.

7:45 p. m.—Train 11 daily except Sunday—Kane and intermediate stations.

THROUGH TRAINS for EMPORIUM JUNCTION FROM THE EAST AND SOUTH

Train 1 leaves Renovo 4 55 a. m., daily except Sunday arriving at Emporium Jc. 5.15 a. m.

Train 11 leaves Philadelphia 8:50 a. m., Washington a. m. 7.50, Baltimore 8:50 a. m. Wilkesbarre 10 15 a. m., daily except Sunday, arriving at Emporium Junction 7:05 p. m. with Pullman Parlor car from Philadelphia to Williamsport and passenger coaches to Kane.

Train 3, leaves New York 8:00 p. m., Philadelphia 11:20 p. m., Washington 10:40 p. m. Baltimore 11 10 p. m., daily arriving at Emporium Junc. 10:25 a.m., with Pullman Palace sleeping cars from Philadelphia to Erie and from Washington and Baltimore to Williamsport and passenger coaches from Philadelphia to Erie.

JOHNSONBURG RAILROAD

Daily except Sunday.

NORTH.	STATIONS.	SOUTH.
A. M. Lv.		Ar. A. M.
9 40	Ridgway	[illegible]
9 56	Johnsonburg	[illegible]
10 10	Glen Hazel	[illegible]
10 19	Straight	[illegible]
10 24	Instanter	[illegible]
10 30	Smith's Run	[illegible]
10 37	Woodvale	[illegible]
10 45	Clermont	[illegible]

Connections are made with train 1, leaving Johnsonburg at 3:28 p. m. for Erie and intermediate points, arriving at Erie at 7:00 p. m. also at Ridgway with train 6, leaving Ridgway at 1:35 p. m. for Philadelphia, New York, Baltimore and Washington.

S. M. PREVOST, General Manager
J. R. WOOD, Gen'l Passenger Ag't

TO MAKE HEALTH THE LIVER MUST BE IN ORDER.

DR. SANFORD'S LIVER INVIGORATOR

Cures thousands annually of Liver Complaints, Biliousness, Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Constipation, Malaria. More ills result from an Unhealthy Liver than any other cause. Why suffer when you can be cured? Dr. Sanford's Liver Invigorator is a celebrated family medicine.

YOUR DRUGGIST WILL SUPPLY YOU.

Garfield Tea Overcomes results of bad eating. [illegible] Garfield Tea Co., [illegible] N. Y.

Cures Constipation

ONE DOLLAR EVERY HOUR

is easily earned by any one of either sex in any part of the country, who is willing to work industriously at the employment which we furnish. The labor is light and pleasant, and you run no risk whatever. We fit you out complete, so that you can give the business a trial without expense to yourself. For those willing to do a little work, this is the grandest offer made. You can work all day, or in the evening only. If you are employed, and have a few spare hours at your disposal, utilize them, and add to your income,—our business will not interfere at all. You will be amazed on the start at the rapidity and ease by which you amass dollar upon dollar day in and day out. Even beginners are successful from the first hour. Any one can run the business—none fail. You should try nothing else until you see for yourself what you can do at the business which we offer. No capital risked. Women are grand workers; nowadays they make as much as men. They should try this business, as it is so well adapted to them. Write at once and see for yourself. Address H. HALLETT & CO., Box 880, Portland, Me.